THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

C. E. Jones Chemist Always 36 Govt. St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1894. No. 227

A Whole Army

WE DO REPAIRING

Of sealers will come to our store to have seal teeth mounted, etc., because our manufacturing department is the best and biggest and our prices are purse pleasers. A new stock of gold watches we have will interest you if you need a good watch. Money is close but our prices are closer.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL,
...47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.,
THE WESTSIDE.
Government Street, Victoria.

We have just opened and marked for sale a large shipment of Chenille Covers and Curtains. On account of great depression in trade in this line we have purchased at a heavy discount from manufacturers' prices, in some instances, 40 per cent. being deducted.
We invite your attention to the following:

Chenille Covers.
4-4 Chenille Covers at 90c Each
4-4 Chenille Covers at $1.50
6-4 Chenille Covers at $1.90
12-4 Chenille Covers at $3.25

Chenille Curtains.
Fringed — 10 pairs at $3.90.
Top and Bottom — 6 pairs French Extra at $4.90.
Top and Bottom — 6 pairs French Extra Rich at $6.75
Dado and Frieze. — 6 pairs Oriental Colors at $7.50.
Dado and Frieze. — 4 pairs Oriental Colors at $10.25.

Tapestry Covers From 50c Up.

These goods are on view at our store and are selling fast.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
But not express'd in fancy; rich not gaudy;
For the apparel oft proclaims the man;—
SHAKESPEARE.

OUR SPECIALTIES
....Large Complete Stock
....Staff of Competent Workmen
....High Class Work
....Artistic Excellence in every
....detail.

A. GREGG & SON,
....Tailors, Yates Street.

C. H. STICKELS ....
ROOMS: 19 to 22 .... Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD.,
....QUOTE AS FOLLOWS....
Delivered to any part of the City.

Wheat	$1 25 per hun.	Oats	$1 50 per hun.
Bran	90 " "	Mixed feed	1 00 " "
Shorts	1 00 " "	Ground	1 10 " "

Our feed is manufactured fresh every day and is superior to the imported article. Patronize home industry by using our goods. TERMS—Net cash with order.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN—Lot 13 on Russell street, Victoria West; splendid view of the straits and close to the tramway. Apply to Ewen Morrison, Rock Bay Lumber Yard. s19-tf

WANTED—A waitress. Apply at Osborne House, cor. Pandora and Blanchard Sts. s6-2t

CONGREGATION EMANU EL.

The trustees of the above congregation will be in attendance for the disposal of seats for the coming holy days, on Sundays, 23rd and 30th inst., respectively, from 10:30 a.m. until 12:30 p.m.
F. LANDSBERG, Sec.

The king of Siam continues to progress towards recovery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUCTION
FURNITURE, ETC.
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, AT 11 A.M.
Re Smallfield, deceased.

I will sell by order of the Administrator of Intestate Estates, on the premises lately occupied by Allice & Ault, Wharf street, bedroom sets, mattresses, blankets, pillows, sofas, chest drawers, upholstered dining chairs, arm chairs, cane chairs, centre tables, walnut writing desk, 30 framed pictures and engravings, lawn tennis netting, bats and chalk wheels, lamps, crockery, glassware, cutlery, tables, clothing, clocks, ornaments, jewelry, etc.
G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

IRONCLADS TESTED.

A Decisive Naval Engagement Fought Off the Northern Coast of Corea.

China it is Reported Lost Five and Japan Three Vessels in the Fight.

The Greatest Sea Fight of Modern Times—Previous Reports Confirmed.

London, Sept. 19.—A Shanghai dispatch from a Chinese source reports a naval engagement at the mouth of the Yalu river between the Chinese northern squadron and the Japanese fleet, lasting six hours. The Chinese warships Yang Wei and Chao Yung caught fire and were run ashore. The Chen Yuen and King Yuen were sunk and four Japanese vessels suffered the same fate. The remainder steamed away and the Chinese then succeeded in landing the troops from the troopships which the squadron was convoying. Some of the troop ships are believed to have been sunk. The Chinese Admiral Ting was severely wounded. After the engagement the Chinese vessels proceeded to Wei-Hai-Wei. Great consternation prevails in Peking. The emperor is determined to assume the management of affairs but such a step is not favored by the government officials who say such a course is beneath his dignity.

The foreign office has received a cablegram from Tientsin confirming the report of the naval battle at Yalu river. The battle was fought on the 17th. The Japanese attacked the Chinese vessels while landing troops. The Chinese lost the naval vessels Chen Yuen, Chae Yung and Yang Wei. Three Japanese vessels are supposed to have been sunk. A large number of Chinese were killed, among them Admiral Ting, Col. Van Haucken and a volunteer named Tyler. The Chinese succeeded in landing a large force.

The Westminster Gazette, commenting on the reported engagement between the Chinese and Japanese says if the news be true, it is the greatest naval battle ever fought under modern conditions. The paper believes that the admission from Chinese sources of serious losses is conclusive proof that the Japanese were victorious in every particular. It adds, "we are told the Japanese are careful students of Captain Mahan of the American navy and they have apparently studied to some purpose."

Washington, Sept. 19.—The state department has received the following from Peking. There was a naval engagement off the north of Corea on the 17th. Five Chinese and three Japanese vessels are reported destroyed. The fleet is at Port Arthur. The department also received the following: "Telegraphic communication between Peking and the Chinese army in Corea is cut off." A dispatch from Yokohama says the U. S. Minister for Corea telegraphs: "The Chinese army was totally annihilated at Ping Yang on the 10th of September."

As far as the active operations of the Chinese in Corea are concerned the war is practically at an end. Unless the Coreans who have shown sympathy with the Chinese and a few detached bands of the Chinese succeed in getting another army to Corea, that country will remain in the undisputed possession of the Japanese, and, in view of the previous reports received as to the terrible condition of the roads in the north and the utter impossibility of moving guns and supplies southward, it is not likely that there will be any more fighting of importance in Corea during the present year. It is hoped that the victory may serve as a basis for peace negotiations.

A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says: News has been received here that Prince Tsing, the head of the foreign office at Pekin, has induced the emperor to order that henceforth no Chinese viceroy shall meddle with Chinese affairs. This order affects Li Hung Chang and the viceroys of Nankin, Canton, Manchuria and Kashgar. The emperor of China has received letters from Corean nobles and generals, assuring his majesty of their fidelity in spite of the king of Corea's declaration of independence.

The Central News says: After the first feeling of surprise at the Japanese victory has worn off, it is admitted by experts who know the respective qualities of the armies that the result is a natural one. Marshal Yamagata, the Japanese commander in chief, was trained in the European schools, and the other Japanese commanders and staff officers were similarly educated. The best friends of the Chinese do not believe them capable of holding the ports on the Gulf of Pechili against the Japanese.

New York, Sept. 19.—A Shanghai dispatch dated to-day says a number of officers and a dozen crippled Chinese warships have arrived at Port Arthur. The survivors say that while the Chinese fleet reconnoitering several troop ships nearing the mouth of the Yalu river, the Japanese attacked and sunk the Chinese cruisers Chi Huen and King Yuen. Six hundred officers and men were drowned. The Chinese warships Chao Yung and Yang Wei, grounded in shallow water while manoeuvring. It is believed that some of the transports were sunk, although most of them succeeded in landing the troops. The Chinese loss was 1500 killed and wounded and the Japanese loss was one thousand. None of the Chinese officers know the names of the Japanese vessels said to be destroyed.

Brief Locals.

—There will be a concert and social at Central Presbyterian church to-night. The numbers promised by the Euphonic Orchestral Society will be special features of the programme.

—This is a great week for drunks at police court. Four more were up today and the total has reached twenty for the week. Those up to-day were disposed of in different ways to suit the circumstances of the individual cases.

—The taking of testimony for the defense in the Jackson gambling case was concluded yesterday afternoon, and this afternoon Magistrate Macrae is hearing the arguments in the case. The case was called at 3:30 o'clock but Messrs. Crease and Belyea will hardly finish today.

—Frederick Bollman, the Sydney embezzler, was brought into court this morning and without much ado his case was remanded for eight days. He was taken back to the police barracks, and the matter of bringing him into court will be kept up every eight days until the Australian officer arrives.

—The conversazione at St. Andrew's Poresbyterian church last night under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society was a very enjoyable affair. The Misses Munsie, Miss Erb, Rev. Clay, Mrs. McCready, Mrs. Bolton, Herbert Kent, Rev. Murison, Miss Stephens and Miss Brown contributed to the programme.

—The charge of assault preferred by Jennie Morrison against Agnes Woodruff was dismissed in provincial police court yesterday by Magistrate Macrae. The case was clearly proven but the court said that the ends of justice would be satisfied by a settlement. He advised the women to refrain from further abuse of one another, and to keep from fighting.

—Mayor Teague and Police Magistrate Macrae, sitting as a licensing board, this morning declined to hear the application of William Jensen for a saloon in the board of trade building, holding that they had no jurisdiction to entertain it on account of an application being made by the same applicant for the same premises at the June sitting of the court. Mr. J. A. Aikman, of Drake, Jackson & Helmcken, who appeared for Mr. Jensen, will appeal to the supreme court for a mandamus to compel the licensing court to hear the petition.

Ottawa News.

Ottawa, Sept. 19.—John Rochester, who represented the county of Carleton in the Dominion parliament for a number of years, and who retired to private life after the elections of 1882, died here this morning. He was one of the oldest residents of this district, and was connected with the lumbering business besides being interested in a local brewery. He had been ill for some weeks past.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A.O.U.W. HALL

GRAND... OPENING

BALL

Under the auspices of the City Lodges on the Evening before Society Day at the Agricultural Fair.

Tickets may be obtained from the following committee:
G. LEISER,
R. T. WILLIAMS,
J. E. CHURCH,
J. D. WARREN, and
CHAS. RUSSELL.

Victoria Liberal Association.

There will be a meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association at Philharmonic Hall on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

As business of importance is to be transacted a full attendance of members is requested.

G. L. MILNE, M.D.,
President.

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials.
FINE STAGE,
LARGE GALLERY,
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
PROPERLY VENTILATED,
ELECTRIC LIGHTS.
Open for engagements after 5th October next. ALSO TWO LARGE LODGE ROOMS.
Apply to G. Leiser, Thos. Haughton, J. D. Warren, Hall Committee.

ACCIDENT OR SUICIDE?

Major Beresford Falls or Jumps From the Roof of the Halifax Hotel.

Sad Ending of a Popular and Efficient Officer—Other Canadian News.

Hamilton, Sept. 19.—Frederick Austin, of 129 Ferguson avenue, with other laborers, were employed excavating for sewerage construction on Wood street yesterday morning, when a bank of earth caved. Austin was buried under ten feet of earth. The weight of the earth coming down on the water pipe, which became exposed, caused it to break and the water gushed into the sewer. James Reaves of John street, was buried up to the armpits and was injured internally besides having both legs badly bruised. Four others working in the sewer were not seriously injured.

Adam Dyment, a farmer in Sydenham, brother of John Dyment, of Oakney, was thrown from a cultivator while at work on his farm yesterday. The handle of the machine struck him in the stomach. He was badly injured internally and died this morning.

Peterboro, Ont., Sept. 19.—What was probably a murder most foul was perpetrated a few miles south of Millbrook on the Port Hope road. Mr. H. A. Walker, who is well known in Peterboro and the surrounding country, was found dead on the roadside. He was returning from Port Hope after delivering a load of cheese. Deceased was about 62 years of age. He was possessed of considerable means.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 19.—Major Beresford, of the Royal Engineers of the North American station, met with a horrible death this morning, though whether it is a case of suicide or accident, it has not been able to determine. Beresford who has been only in charge here for a short period, boarded with his wife and child at the Halifax hotel. He was on the roof garden of the hotel this morning, which is five stories from the ground, and either threw himself from, or fell off. He struck the stone pavement below on his head, crushing it in and scattering his brains and breaking his neck. He was picked up dead. He was about 50 years of age and a very efficient officer.

SHEEP SLAUGHTERED.

Colorado Ranchers Unable To Keep Their Flocks.

Glenwood Springs, Colo., Sept. 19.—The county commissioners of Garfield county have offered a reward for the arrest and conviction of the persons who have been slaughtering sheep in the plateau country. The sheep owners have also offered rewards for information that will lead to the conviction of the criminals. A large number of citizens endorsed this effort to stop the depredations upon a chief source of wealth in the western slope country. J. E. Miller has been practically ruined by the wholesale slaughter of his flock. He had only purchased the ranch three weeks ago upon speculation, and had intended to ship his sheep to market at the end of this month. Mr. J. E. Hurlburt, whose flock has been threatened, drove his sheep into the plauteau country twelve years ago, and claims priority of right over all other settlers and stockmen. The two men were attending the Peach day festivities at Grand Junction when notified of the killing by wire. They sought Governor Waite, who was there, and urged him to take prompt action, but could obtain no better satisfaction than his promise to take the matter under consideration. Both men were prominent Populists, but neither of them has a very exalted opinion of the executive at the present time. Failing to obtain aid from the state, they returned to Parachute and started with a posse for the scene of slaughter. As was to be expected, excitement and bitter feeling prevailed, and but for wiser judgment and advice there would have been indiscriminate killing of all the range cattle in sight. In spite of a faithful search they failed to find a single rancher or cowboy. Everybody apparently concluded that it was not a healthy spot at the time. All the sheepmen here have decided to at once go out of the business. The Davenport flock of five thousand has been driven to the railroad, where it is being closely guarded. Railroad agents are on their way here and this flock will be out of the country in a few days.

Condensed Dispatches.

It cost the United States $400,000 to patrol the Behring sea this season.

Fifty houses were blown to atoms and several persons killed by a cyclone that passed through Jennings and Mingo, Oklahoma, on Sunday.

—George Byrnes holds a sale of household effects, jewellery and grocers' fixtures to-morrow at eleven o'clock at his salesrooms, Wharf street.

If you have sick or nervous headache, take Ayer's Cathartic Pills. They will cleanse the stomach, restore healthy action to the digestive organs, remove effete matter (the presence of which depresses the nerves and brain), and thus give speedy relief.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

WAR NEWS BY MAIL

Viceroy Li Hung Chang May Command the Chinese Army in Person.

How the British-Japan Treaty Affects the Residents of the Orient.

Yokohama, Sept. 2.—Per steamer Oceanic to San Francisco—The revised treaty between Japan and England was ratified at Tokio on August 25. For the first time the United States has failed to take advantage of Japan's desire to deal primarily with the great republic in important international transactions. The opinion expressed in Japan is that negotiations at Washington city might have been concluded long ago if the state department had been disposed to act upon Japanese proposals. As it is, Great Britain stands ahead in the enactment of a treaty which the Asiatic empire has been urgently striving for more than 20 years to secure. On one previous occasion the business was nearly brought to a conclusion by Count Okuma, but at the last moment his plans were defeated by the violent public demonstrations in Japan against his method of adjusting the vexed question of the judiciary. It was therefore thought expedient to keep these later negotiations strictly secret and to allow none of the proposed conditions to become a subject of popular discussion until the affair was absolutely terminated. The announcement first made by the Emperor was a surprise to everyone, though vague rumors of what was contemplated had circulated during the past few weeks. The treaty confers no immediate advantages upon Japan. At least five years must elapse before it goes into operation, and it is for Japan to say whether or not the interval shall be longer, but until 1899 everything must remain as it is now. The purpose of this delay is that Japan shall perfect her judicial system to an extent warranting the abolition of English law courts. The existence of foreign tribunals is one of Japan's chief grievances, and this, so far as Great Britain is concerned, will cease at the appointed time. The other grievance, interference with the tariff, will not be done away with until 1910, when complete autonomy may be resumed by the simple process of termination of the treaty. But from 1899, or whatever date the Japanese assign for the agreement to come in force, until 11 years later, when it may be cancelled by either power, a partially new tariff will be adopted, somewhat more favorable to Japan than that which now regulates her commerce, but not strikingly so. The import duties now collected average 5 per cent. ad valorem. Under the new British schedule the average is estimated at from 6 to 8 per cent. Only 20 articles, some of which are so sub-divided as to make the total appear 39, are raised above the former rates. Of these silks and sole leather are fixed at 15 per cent. The majority, including parfine oil, are fixed at ten per cent. The actual computation, however, will not be ad valorem. By a supplementary convention specific duties will be applied on the basis of average prices as shown by the customs returns for six months. The dutiable value of imports will include freights, insurance and commission, items not hitherto reckoned. As regards export duties, it does not appear that any changes are proposed. The position of Englishmen in Japan will be in most respects identical with that of native subjects. Only two privileges will be withheld, the right of coastwise trade and the right to own land. Buildings may be owned but the land must be held on leases.

It is evident that in negotiating this treaty Japan has not consulted present gain so much as security for the future. The difficulties of the existing system have grown to be intolerable to her, and she would almost have consented to sacrifices for a time to be assured of positive relief at a designated period. Five years hence British extra-territorial jurisdiction will be abolished, and Japan expects that the other powers will likewise close their consular courts. Sixteen years hence she hopes similarly to be rid of all commercial restrictions. The burdens of the interval are not felt to be too heavy a price to pay for ultimate freedom. All persons concerned in preparing and negotiating the treaty have been honored with high marks of consideration by the Japanese government. The minister of foreign affairs, Mutsu Munemitsu, has been raised to the peerage, with the title of viscount, and a grant of 40,000 yen, about $20,000 in gold. As minister at Washington City five years ago this official was well known and very popular in the eastern part of the United States. He negotiated the Mexican treaty with Japan, memorable as the only one, previous to the instrument already enacted, in which Japan's autonomous rights were recognized. Viscount Aoki, Japanese envoy at London, receives the first class decoration of the Rising Sun and an annuity of 740 yen. Mr. Hayashi, vice-minister of foreign affairs, is awarded a medal of the second class, as are also H. W. Denison, the American legal adviser of the foreign office, and Hon. von Siebold, chief of the London legation. The services of Messrs. Sato, Unichida and Nakada, secretaries of the foreign office, are recompensed by decorations of a lower degree.

It is curious to observe that the best tariff Japan can now get from England is far less beneficial to her than that attached to the treaty of 1858, negotiated by Townshend Harris, the first envoy from the United States. Harris might have imposed any terms that might have suited him, but, with a just regard for what he believed to be Japan's interest, he arranged a schedule, the average of which was about 20 per cent., some articles being rated as high as 35 per cent. The scale was forced down by representatives of the other powers until within ten years the average has become 5 per cent.

The Chinese and Japanese fleets continue to play the game of hide and seek at the mouth of the Gulf of Pechili. The ships of the "middle kingdom" conceal themselves so effectually that foreigners in the open ports cannot even speculate as to their position. The Japanese can accomplish little more than to check the transportation of Chinese troops to Corea, and in this they have so far succeeded that further reinforcements, if undertaken at all, will go by land. But it appears to be doubted that China intends to strengthen her forces in the peninsula further. Most of the bodies now in motion are said to be making their way towards Tientsin and Peking, the defense to the approaches to the capital being considered of the first moment. The whole country between the capital and the gulf is in great agitation. Correspondents from the interior write to the China Gazette that "intense terror pervades the entire north of the empire."

The report is circulated that Li Hung Chang, though 74 years old, will be ordered to take personal command of the armies on the continent. Notwithstanding the dissatisfaction of the court with the results of his management up to this time, the humiliation inflicted upon him has gone no further than the withdrawal or suspension of one of his decorations and the appointment of two high officials to watch his proceedings. But if the navy or army should meet with serious disasters, his position will be extremely dangerous. Failure that cannot be kept from exposure is the one unpardonable crime in Chinese statesmanship.

While the military activity is chiefly shown in the north, considerable attention is given to the strengthening of fortifications all along the Chinese coast. Orders have been sent to Formosa to repair the works at Taiwanful and Takao, owing to rumors that the Japanese contemplate a descent on that island. No ground for this suspicion can be discovered, and Japan has enough to occupy her in Corea and the neighborhood.

General Count Yamagata is about to take command of the entire Japanese forces in and about Corea, both military and naval. He is one of the oldest officers now in the service, and began his career in the war of imperial restoration in 1868. He held the post of minister of war for many years and has for a brief term been prime minister of the government. Lieutenant-General Nozu remains at the head of the troops, and Admiral Kabayama in control of the naval branch.

Up to the present time no American or European correspondents have been permitted to follow the Japanese troops in the field, the objection being that it would be impossible to prevent them from circulating information that might be useful to the enemy. Representatives of the Japanese papers are allowed to go in all directions, and may send telegrams free of charge over the government wires, but the privileges are limited by a rigid censorship which forbids the publication of all news that has not passed under official supervision. Enterprise is of little avail. On more than one occasion intelligence has been received by Tokio journals some time in advance of its arrival at the war or navy department, and, though entirely favorable to the Japanese side, its appearance in print has been prohibited until after full details had reached the government from its own agents. The necessity for due caution is recognized by the press, but the rule requiring active newspapers to suppress their information to suit the slow ministerial processes is loudly complained of.

Eight of the national banks of Tokio have subscribed for bonds of the war loan to the amount collectively of 20,100,000 yen. The largest subscription is of the Fifteenth National bank, seven million yen.

Business in Corea is much disordered, owing to the scarcity of silver and a sudden lack of confidence in Japanese paper money, which has hitherto circulated at par. The agencies of the Japanese national banks have tried every means to arrest the decline of paper, which now stands at 40 per cent. discount, but thus far their efforts have been in vain. The depreciation began with the wholesale departure of the Chinese merchants, who exchanged large quantities of notes for silver, which they carried home with them. The Coreans, having little knowledge of financial matters, and putting great faith in China's shrewdness, fear that the notes have become worthless, and generally refuse to accept them.

The United States legation in Seoul is guarded by 21 marines and 24 sailors of the Baltimore. The British legation is guarded by 30 sailors and marines, the Russian legation by 45 sailors and the German legation by 22 sailors.

It is expected that early in September the customs service at the open ports of Corea will be taken over by the Japanese, the Coreans being at present incompetent to administer it. The new arrangement is officially sanctioned by the government at Seoul. There is a possibility a show of resistance will be made by the present collectors, chiefly Europeans appointed by Chinese authorities, but their remonstrances will receive no attention.

On August 24 the Japanese guard stationed at the palace in Seoul since July 23, was replaced by a body of native soldiers. At the king's request a detachment of Japanese troops was ordered to be in readiness whenever summoned for palace duty.

Corean officials travel with the Japanese troops in that country to explain that for all provisions required commissariat receipts will be duly given and payments made at fixed times and places. Per contra, the Chinese army have no commissariat, and live by plundering the products of the districts through which it passes.

All foreign captains and engineers employed by the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Company threw up their engagements on publication of the neutrality proclamations of their respective countries.

By order of Viceroy Li placards have been posted throughout Tientsin warning the Chinese not to talk about war and to treat all foreigners with respect, as they are "friends of China."

The plague which desolated Hong Kong has made its appearance at Amoy, some fifty cases having been detected. It is supposed to have been brought by victims who travelled from Hong Kong overland to escape medical scrutiny.

A circular notice has been sent by the China foreign office to the members of the diplomatic corps in Peking, with a request that it be transmitted to their respective governments. It recites at considerable length the story of the Corean embroglio, representing the several events from a Chinese point of view.

How to Get a "Sunlight"-Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

American News.

Columbus, O., Sept. 18.—The wage agreement between the miners and operators is threatened with disruption. The miners at Turtle Creek and Sandy Run, Pa., have gone to work for 55 cents after the long hold out. Now other operators threaten to cut below the scale.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 18.—The day of the Republican convention opened bright and clear. Platt's cottage is still the Mecca of the delegates and others. There were many callers also at Fassett's headquarters. There is lots of talk about Saxton for lieutenant-governor this morning. The ex-secretary of the treasury will nominate Morton. The battle over second place is now attracting the most attention.

Gorin, Mo., Sept. 18.—Four masked men attempted to hold up an express on the Santa Fe near here early this morning. Railroad officials had got wind of the plot and put twelve strong armed guards on the train. When the engineer was signalled he slowed down and one of the bandits fired at him, striking him in the breast and fatally wounding him. The guards on the train then opened fire on the bandits, who fled to the woods. Two thieves are believed to be lying dead or fatally wounded in the woods. The others fled.

Newport, Sept. 18.—Helena Saft, of Providence, niece of ex-Governor Saft, and Mr. James P. Scott, the well-known Philadelphia millionaire, were married to-day at the residence of Mrs. Chas. M. Oelrich.

New York, Sept. 18.—At to-day's session of the Roman Catholic central verein a number of addresses were made.

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches All Gone Now.

Sangerville, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the soreness had gone, and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHE ATWOOD, Sangerville, Maine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

The Matches with a Reputation.

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

8,500,000 made and consumed daily.

TELEGRAPH.
TELEPHONE.
TIGER.
PARLOR.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under instructions from Alexander Urquhart, executor of Donald Urquhart deceased, the mortgagee, and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the second day of December, 1890, and made between Thomas Stamper Milligan, late of Victoria, B. C., of the one part and Donald Urquhart, of Victoria, B. C., of the other part, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Friday, the 12th day of October for the purchase of all that certain parcel or tract of land being the western half (W 1-2) of all that parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the city of Victoria and marked and numbered Lot No. Two (2), on the official map of Medina Grove deposited in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid on the 27th day of September, A.D. 1880, being the sub-division map or plan of sub-sections XVIII, XIX, XXI, and XXII, the said Medina Grove being now better known as Beckley Farm, and the premises hereby described as the western half (W 1-2) of Lot Two (2) of Section 19 thereof. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Dated the 11th day of September, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for Alexander Urquhart,
Executor of D. Urquhart, deceased.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under instructions from Alexander Urquhart, executor of Donald Urquhart deceased, the mortgagee, and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 7th day of April, 1892, and made between John Leonard of Victoria city, B. C., of the one part and Donald Urquhart of Victoria city aforesaid of the other part, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon on Friday, the 12th day of October, for the purchase of all that and those pieces or parcels of land situate in Victoria city known as sub-lots numbers (23) twenty-three, (24) twenty-four, (29) twenty-nine and (30) thirty, being a subdivision of section (24) twenty-four, according to a plan of sub-division of sections 24, 25, 26, and 27, Spring Ridge, deposited in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, numbered 300 and the dwelling house and buildings thereon. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 11th day of September, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.
Solicitor for Alexander Urquhart, executor of D. Urquhart, deceased. s11-1m

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act and amending Acts notice is hereby given that by indenture dated and executed on the 27th day of August, 1894, by Eli Beam, of 130 St. Catharine street, in the city of Victoria, contractor, the said Eli Beam granted and assigned his real and personal property to John Fullerton, of 103 Government street, in the said city of Victoria, boot and shoe merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Eli Beam.

John Fullerton executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 27th day of August, 1894.

All persons indebted to the said Eli Beam are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to the said trustee and every person having any claim against the said Eli Beam must send proof and full particulars of same to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to claims so sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held on Tuesday, the 4th day of September, at 2:30 p.m., at the office of the undersigned.

S. PERRY MILLS, 46 Langley St.
Solicitor for the trustee. aug28-1mo

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act" that all persons having any claim against the estate of George Henry Babbage, deceased, late of H. M. S. Royal Arthur, who died at Esquimalt, B. C., on 10th June, 1894, and of whose estate William Harrison was on 18th August, inst., appointed administrator by the Supreme Court of British Columbia, are hereby required to send particulars of such claims to me on or before 20th November, 1894, after which date the assets of the said deceased will be disbursed amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which notice shall have then been received.

Dated August 24th, 1894.

LINDLEY CREASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for above named administrator.
aug25-1mo

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Lot 1 of Section 11, Beckley Farm, (Map 231) Victoria City.

Whereas the certificate of title of Catherine Hots to the above hereditaments bearing date the 19th day of May, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, Notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof. S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy-Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 16th August, 1894. a17-1m

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.
jel-tf-4aw

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG,
Proprietor.
my28-4m

Real Estate.

WANTED—$2,000 on mortgage at 6 per cent. Interest guaranteed.

HOUSE AND LOT on Quadra street, $4,000; $150 cash; balance at $15 per month; no interest.

7 ACRES (Snaps) 3 miles from city; good land, $1,250.

3 1-2 ACRES (Snaps) 3 1-2 miles from city; good land, $525.

47 ACRES (Snaps) 6 miles from city; good land, $1,000.

160 ACRES (Snaps) $720.

5 1-2 ACRES (Snaps) 3 miles from city; good land; will exchange for house and lot in city; (clear deeds.)

FARM (GOOD), 100 acres—30 under cultivation; new house with outbuildings; only 7 miles from city; only $5,500 to a quick buyer; terms, $2,000; balance in mortgage at 6 per cent.

FARM, 100 acres, about 25 acres are now cleared, with house and stabling, etc.; price, $5,000; good terms; or will lease to good man for five years.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

Newfoundlanders Said to Favor Annexation to the States.

London, Sept. 18.—The Chronicle publishes an interview with Sir John T. O'Brien, governor of Newfoundland, who is spending a vacation in England, with reference to the question of confederation. Governor O'Brien says that so far as New foundland is concerned, confederation is not a lively issue, but that if the question ever arose he should say that the people are probably more inclined to join the United States of America than Canada. It was most improbable, however, that such an issue would arise. There is no weakening in the loyalty of the people of Newfoundland to England.

The political testament of the late Count of Paris was made public to-day. The document, which is very brief, is dated Stowe house, July 21, 1894, and says: "As I had no knowledge of my future, I would not attempt to trace a line of conduct for my son, feeling with perfect confidence that he will always uphold the traditions of our house, which are love for France and the faithful discharge of all the duties incumbent on him. I hope that France will soon be re-united, all parties finding a basis of common agreement under the traditional monarchy. If I went to Frohnsdorf in 1873 it was to show my respect for the hereditary principle. Since then I have tried to deserve the confidence of my party by fighting, although in exile, zealously for France." The document concludes by expressing his trust that God has not abandoned France, to whom he gave St. Louis and Jean D'Arc. He felt certain that France would return to her old religion, and meanwhile he could only hope for the unity of all existing parties. He felt sure that his friends would understand that this was a necessary condition and precedent to all they hoped for.

The police of Rome surprised four anarchists in the act of posting an anarchist manifesto in the vicinity of the ministry of marine. The anarchists resisted the police, and in the ensuing fight three of them escaped. The fourth was taken to jail.

Signor Ariodant Fabretti, the distinguished archaeologist, is dead. He was born October 1, 1816.

Walter Wellman, leader of the American Arctic expedition, frustrated by the sinking of his vessel, the Ragnvald Jarl, crushed by ice, will sail from Southampton for New York next Wednesday by the steamer Spree, accompanied by the Americans of his party. He said to-day that the failure of Lieut. Peary to reach North Greenland shows that, like the Wellman expedition, he met with unusual difficulties, arising from the extremely unfavorable season. Mr. Wellman observed that it was a bad year for Arctic exploration all around. He warmly defended his expedition against the charges of inexperience and a bad outfit, and emphatically protested that he had not abandoned Professor Oyen on Danes Island. The professor, he explained, had 1200 pounds of provisions on the island, and was in no danger of suffering from lack of food. Professor Oyen himself publicly denied that he had been abandoned. All the Norwegian members of the expedition have promised to accompany the next expedition, Mr. Wellman says, adding that truer, braver or better men cannot be found than French, Rohun and Dodge.

The czar has sent an autograph letter to the Queen re-inviting her majesty to the wedding of the czarevitch and Princess Alix of Hesse, in which he urges that he himself and the whole family are anxious for the presence of the Queen on that occasion. The Queen is desirous of going to St. Petersburg and is taking the advice of her ministers and physicians on the subject.

Prince Bismarck received a large deputation of admirers at Varzein from Stolp, Pomerania and Posen. After asking the members of the party to cover their heads so as to enable him to do the same, as his old enemy, the lumbago, was troubling him, he spoke for nearly an hour. He thanked the members of the deputation for the kind wishes expressed in their speeches and then dilated on the Polish question. He declared the Poles could not be entitled to cast votes in the empire. Neither Alsace-Lorraine nor Posen could ever be given up. Alsace and Lorraine were necessary for the protection of Southern Germany and Posen was necessary for the protection of the eastern frontier. Once in the course of his speech the ex-chancellor was obliged to pause for a minute, owing to severe pains in the back. Upon the conclusion of the prince's speech the deputation cheered heartily him and Princess Bismarck, after which patriotic hymns were sung. A number of gifts, products of Posen, were presented to the prince. After admiring the presents and thanking the deputation for them, Prince Bismarck invited the committee having charge of the visitors to lunch in the castle.

Emperor Francis Joseph received the Austro-Hungarian delegation at Buda-Pesth. Addressing them, he congratulated them upon the fact that the confidence expressed in 1893 that peace would be preserved and consolidated had been confirmed by the establishment of a still more peaceful situation throughout Europe and the existence of the most amicable relations among the powers. We hope, he said, that in the future we shall be able to devote ourselves undisturbed to the well being of our people. Nevertheless it will be necessary equally with the other powers to continue to develop a military force.

The managers of the Cunard Steamship company declare that the statement made by the officers of the American steamer New York that the Cunard steamer Lucania, east bound, was seen by the New York fifty miles north of her proper course is absurdly incorrect.

The New York beat the record from Southampton by one hour and twenty minutes last Friday. On the same day the Lucania, from New York, broke the eastward record by two hours and nine minutes. The New York log showed that she sighted the Lucania fifty miles north of the eastward route and in the line followed by the west bound steamers. The routes were agreed upon by the various companies and captains are expected to strictly adhere to the agreement.

The offices of the British and Danish vice consuls at Casa Blanca have been attacked and robbed by Moors, who partially wrecked the premises and stripped them of everything of value. The offices of four other European consuls were also broken into and robbed. The European representatives have protested to the Moorish governor, but their protests were not heeded. Preparations for the marriage of the sultan are proceeding.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The C. P. R. traffic for the week ending September 14, were $386,000, for the same week last year $424,000.

Daniel Fowler, the well known painter in water colors, is dead at Amherst Island, aged 85.

Hon. Mr. Bowell is visiting the towns of Western Ontario urging them to take up the subject of Australian trade.

Seven men were sentenced at the police court in London for holding up a wheat train on the C. P. R. and stealing a ride.

A Fort Qu'Appelle dispatch says Tom Tamack, an Indian of the Pasqua reserve, shot fatally another Indian of the same reserve named Josiah Maloney, while both were at the File hills reserve on Sunday night. Dr. Ball was summoned, but the Indian died before his arrival. The murderer is still at large.

Actions of $15,000 each have been taken by Rolland Bros., wholesale stationers, Montreal, against the Grand Trunk Railway and Shedden carriage company. They complain that the latter company posted in the Grand Trunk freight sheds instructions to its carters to collect from Rolland Bros. on delivery and accept no checks.

Henry O'Dell Cole, blacksmith and postmaster at Tyendenaga, brought action against David Hafpel and Norman McWilliams, sons of neighboring farmers, for damages for assaulting his daughter Cinderella, a handsome girl, 20 years of age, and for consequent loss of her services through nervous prostration, the result of an outrage last January. They called for Cinderella and obtained the consent of her parents to accompany them to an oyster supper on the pretence that they would be joined by young people at a short distance. They took her in a sleigh to McWilliams' house where he and Hafpel, no one else being present, forcibly and repeatedly ravished her against her will. Criminal proceedings were begun but for some reason dismissed. The jury awarded damages of $250 for enticing the girl away and $1000 for loss to the father of his child's services, for the discomfort and dishonor he had suffered.

The first business to occupy the deep water way convention at Toronto was a paper read by Ald. Thompson, of Toronto, on "Deep water ways and who shall pay for them." Mr. Thompson pointed out that during seven months of lake navigation during the past year 30,000,000 tons of freight were carried on the lakes, or one-fourth of all the freight carried yearly by the railroads of the United States. Regarding the great lakes, Mr. Thompson said that Canada had made an expenditure of over fifty million dollars with not over three millions of her people directly interested, while the United States, with twenty-six millions of people bordering on the lakes, had spent less than eight million dollars on the improvement of the water ways, which are used on the same terms by the vessels of both countries. The percentages of crops in the different countries were about in the same proportion as the population. A long discussion followed.

A Toronto dispatch says: Not all the Patrons who came to Toronto had their journey enlivened as had the Dominion candidate in Glengarry. It is now a political feud some time standing which exists between J. Lockie Wilson and Geo. Taylor, M. P. for Leeds and Conservative whip. When they met upon the train coming to Toronto yesterday their causes of difference were again discussed. Mr. Taylor accused Mr. Wilson of being afraid to face him upon a public platform. He challenged Mr. Wilson to meet him in Leeds, to which Mr. Wilson expressed his perfect willingness to meet him anywhere upon neutral ground. To this Mr. Taylor replied that he would go to Glengarry, and there in Mr. Wilson's own town of Alexandria he dared Mr. Wilson to meet him before a public audience. The witnesses of the altercation were Messrs. George S. Young, William Martin and H. G. Murray, of Brockville, and Mr. E. G. Adams, of Westport, two of whom are Liberals and two Conservatives. In pursuance of Mr. Taylor's threat the following agreement was drawn up by Mr. F. K. Scoville, of Leeds: "George Taylor and J. L. Wilson agree to meet and discuss political questions at Alexandria on the 28th inst., at a place to be selected by the reeve of the village, the chairman also to be selected by the reeve of said village. Should either party fail to be present he is to forfeit $200 for the benefit of the poor of Alexandria. Each party to have one hour and a half to reply. Lots to be cast as to who shall speak first." This has been signed by Mr. Wilson, but up to nine o'clock last evening Mr. Taylor had not put his signature to the paper.

What do you take medicine for? Because you are sick and want to get well, of course. Then remember Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

Smoke Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco. Made only by D. Ritchie & Co., the only organized Union Plug Tobacco Factory in Canada.

Agents for British Columbia: BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, Victoria, B.C.

WILL RIVAL THE SUN.

A Wonderful Light About to Be Set up on Fire Island.

A New York paper says: In the lamp house of the government lighthouse station at Tompkinsville, Staten Island, is housed the most wonderful light in the world. The light itself stands 15 feet high, the face of its bullseye is nine feet across and its lenses are four inches thick. It is capable of flashing a ray of light equivalent to the power of two hundred and fifty million candles, and the distance from which it can be seen on a clear night is practically limited only by the curvature of the earth. This flash will have the intensity and blinding glare of a stroke of lightning. That part of the light which revolves weighs 15 tons, and so exquisite is the mechanism by which it is moved that the pressure of two fingers will turn it. A child might operate it and the motive power which propels it is a simple bit of clockwork encased in a box two feet square. The light is at present set up at Staten Island lighthouse station preparatory to its removal to its permanent home in the government lighthouse on Fire Island. It was taken thither from the world's fair at Chicago, where it has been on exhibition by its French manufacturers. The light is the last and culminating point of a series of experiments which the French government had been conducting with a view to securing better coast illumination.

The light consists of two huge concave discs about eight and a half feet in diameter. These discs are placed back to back about a foot apart, and in position look like a monster double convex magnifying lens so large that they could not be cast in two single pieces, but had to be built up in segments and the whole strung together on a great iron skeleton. And this in point of fact is exactly the case. Back to back the lenses enclose a hollow interior, into which is thrust a powerful electric light. This light in itself is about seven thousand candle power. When its light is projected through these huge magnifying prisms its powed is intensified more than thirty-five thousand times. Stop a moment to compute what this means. It is altogether beyond the human imagination to grasp the possible effect of two hundred and fifty million candles, which is the illuminating power of the new lighthouse wonder. At the present time the light on Fire Island—the finest oil lamp which ingenuity has been able to devise—may be seen on a clear night some thirty-five or forty miles at sea. When the new light is in position the incoming European liners will catch sight of its flash from far beyond Montauk Point, a hundred and twenty miles away. With it the operators at Fire Island will be able to flash messages to Atlantic City just as easily as the operators flashed messages from Sandy Hook to Pantata Dunn on top of the Equitable Building with the Schuckert light recently. Perhaps the rays of the light on a clear evening may be seen as far down as Cape May.

At any rate it will sweep the whole Jersey coast, and the sand dunes of Long Island for a hundred miles or more in either direction. This, of course, is in comparatively clear weather. What the new light may be able to do when a huge gray fog rolls landward is yet to be revealed by tests that will be made when the light is in position. When the great Schuckert light was tried in a fog the other night it was a comparative failure. Its rays were not able to pierce the mist any great distance. Whether the new light will be able to do any more remains to be seen. It is built on different lines from the Schuckert light and on a different principle. The Schuckert light, which the ordnance board has been testing on Sandy Hook, is what is known as a projector. That is to say, it is made up of a huge dispersing lens of great power with a black back, which converts it into a magnifying mirror. In front of this mirror a powerful electric light is placed, the rays of which are gathered up by the lens and sent forth in parallel lines. But from the very nature of its construction only such of the rays of the electric arc as reach the mirror itself are magnified and thrown out. In point of fact it is rather less than one-half of the aggregated power of the electric light.

The Fire Island flash light on the other hand has a double face, the electric arc being placed between the two lenses, the result being that between the two the entire sum of the light given off is caught up, magnified and sent out. But the main principle on which the French light relies for its greater power is that which underlies the well known fact that a flash will penetrate further and be more clearly visible than a steady beam. The lamp itself is what is known as a feu eclair, or lightning light. That is to say, it revolves rapidly and throws out its beams with all the intensity and rapidity of a lightning flash. The mechanism by which the lightning effect is secured is marvellous in its simplicity and the ease with which it is operated. The whole huge framework of lenses and light is mounted on a powerful piston, about five feet in diameter. This piston rests upon, or rather floats in, a bath of mercury, thus securing the utmost possible minimum of friction. In point of fact this friction is so slight that the whole bulk will revolve in answer to the pressure of one's two fingers. The lamp will make six revolutions per minute. Say that the light it throws is visible one hundred and twenty-five miles away, then the distance which this beam will travel at its furthest point in a single revolution is approximately seven hundred and fifty miles. In other words, travelling at this rate of speed the light will cover nearly five thousand miles an hour. So intense is the light that were it stationary it could not be born at any near range by the human eye. It would blind the retina of the eye just as the sun does, if it were continued so long as ten seconds. As it is, revolving with such rapidity, it will have much the effect and appearance of a flash of zig-zag lightning.

On a hasty consideration it might be asserted that a disorder known as "cigarette cramp" would be a purely imaginary and impossible thing. "Cigarette cramp," nevertheless, exists, and it is in France that the muscular disturbance has obtained recognition and definition. It appears that the sufferers from it are work girls, who get their living by rolling cigarettes of "caporal" tobacco from morning till night. It is only in comparatively recent times that the state in France added to its undertakings in the tobacco line the sale of ready-made cigarettes. Curiously enough, however, the state does not seem to employ machinery for the purpose. A simple mechanical contrivance would do away with "cigarette cramp" and the evils with which it is apparently associated.—Newcastle Chronicle.

Word comes from all quarters that the neatest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

Thursday, Sept. 20th, at 11 a.m.

Furniture, Valuable Jewelry, Grocer's Fixtures, Etc.

I have been instructed by the official administrator to sell at my Salesrooms, on Wharf street, all the personal effects of the late Annie Cox, deceased, consisting of Bedding, Bedsteads, Pillows, Chest of Drawers, Wash Stand, What-not, Table, Chairs, Sofas, Carpets, Cane Chairs, Dining Table, Trunks, Clothing, Seal Skin Collar and Cuffs, Brocade Velvet Bed Lounge, 2 Plush Oak Rockers, a lot of Books, Mirrors, Oil Paintings, a Singer Hand Sewing Machine, Writing Desk, Cook Stove and utensils, Garden Tools, also a HANDSOME DIAMOND and PEARL BROOCHE and EAR RINGS, Diamond Ring, 3 Gold Chains, 1 Watch, etc.

Also by Order of Assignee of Rowbotham Estate:

Coffee Mill for hand with steam attachment, a fine Tea Blender, a Patent Currant Cleaner, Letter Press, a Fine Pair of Fairbank's Counter and Platform Scales, Counter Balance Scales, Bookcase, Bookcase Rack, a Handsome Pair of Brass Balance Scales and weights, Show Cases, Writing Desk, Stoves and Pipes, Copper Kettles, a large lot of counters, shelving, etc., etc.

G. BYRNES,
sep17 Auctioneer.

VISIT TO BRITISH COLUMBIA

RUPTURED & DEFORMED PEOPLE

CHAS. CLUTHE, of 134 King St. West, Toronto, will make his 8th annual visit to British Columbia. Defies any Rupture he cannot hold with ease. Patentee of 27 Patents on appliances for cure of Club Feet and all Deformities. Recommended by Physicians everywhere. Will visit personally

NANAIMO, B.C., Wilson Hotel, Saturday, October 20th.
VICTORIA, B.C., Driard House, Mon., Tues. and Wed., October 22nd, 23rd and 24th.

ESTABLISHED 1871

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
122 Government Street.

Private entrance for Pandora Street. Business strictly confidential.

GROCERIES.

Cash Grocery

We have just received a full line of
JAMES KEELER & SON'S DUNDEE

Marmalades and Jams....

Marmalade in 1, 2, 4 and 7 lb. jars and tins.
Jams in 1 lb jars.

Also Rex Picnic Hams, 17c. per lb.
Armour's Hams, 20c. per lb.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

You Can Expect

Us to have everything good in the grocery line and one especially good thing we have is....

Sterling Brand Tea

We sent some samples of this to our customers and others some time ago and a great many sales of this article have been made since. It is a tea blended from China and Ceylon teas and is sold by the pound or in 5-lb. boxes.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

CASH....

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures..... Best Groceries, Agate Ware, Mason Preserve Jars, Oil Lamp Stoves, Etc..... Cars of Hungarian Flour, Wheat and Middlings just arrived.....

WE QUOTE.....

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour $4.50 per bbl.
Vancouver Gran. Sugar... $4.75 per cwt.
Wheat..... $1.25 per cwt.

Give us a call at 281 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS.

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),

Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.

All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.

All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

B. C. Agricultural Association

To Intending Exhibitors Art Department.

Exhibits may be left at Mr. Sommers' Store, Government Street, from Monday, Sept. 24 to Wednesday, Sept. 26, from 10 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 5 p.m. A receipt will be given. Exhibits left as above described will be transported to the building free of charge. The Art Department is under the charge of Mr. Rene Quentin, Mr. Bamford and other leading artists, and they are anxious to have all exhibits by the last date, in order that they may be hung to best advantage. sep15-td

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all disease caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. sug27

S. A STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.

Clean Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

MUSICAL.

MISS A. FOX
Has resumed music teaching at 36 Mason street.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 70 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 59 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 573, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE.
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 135

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

REDUCED RATES!
Teeth Extracted - - - 50 cts
Children's Teeth - - - - 25 cts
Plates - - - - - - - - $15.00
Also Fillings at Rates to Suit the Times.

A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
OFFICE: 93 1-2 Douglas Street, next to Cuthbert's Hall. aug21-tf

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A Nurse who will also do light housework. Apply to Mrs. Scaife, Belcher avenue, Oak Bay Junction. sep18-3t

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED—By experienced Japanese cook in a family or boarding house. Address K. Y., 47 Chatham St. sep17-5t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, A BARGAIN—Two story house, 5 rooms, and lot 30x120; convenient to the Douglas street car line; price reduced to $850 on terms to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

BARGAIN—Lot 50x130 feet; three roomed house and shed, in Fernwood estate; price, $550. Address S., Times office. sep17-7t

TO LET.

TO LET—Rooms for light housekeeping at 63 Superior street. s14-tf

NICELY SITUATED and well furnished house to let. Address P.O. box 505, city. aug 24

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

BOARD AND LODGING.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET.—With or without board; large front room with fireplace; desirable location. Apply No. 6 Douglas street.

LOST OR FOUND.

FOUND—At fire on Store street, purse containing sum of money. Owner can obtain same by proving property and paying for advertisement. Apply to Chief of Fire Department. sep18-3t

LOST—A Cocker Spaniel Pup, white breast; answers to the name of "Prince." Anybody harboring the same will be prosecuted. Geo. D. Meldrum, Clarence Hotel. tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—A sound and gentle horse that a lady can drive. Apply 100 Douglas street. sep18-3t

TWO LOTS WANTED—To purchase, in the vicinity of Beacon Hill Park, or in some position affording a view of the straits; give location and lowest price for cash. Address "Builder," Times office. s5

FOR THE FALL—Tailor-made gowns, coats, cloaks; newest styles; moderate rates. 98 Yates street, over Cochrane & Munn's. aug23-1mo

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS C. G. FOX
Re-opened her school August 13th.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fe13 s,m,t&w 1y)
Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

The Daily Times.

THOUGHT BETTER OF IT.

So British Columbians are not to have the pleasure of listening to speeches from Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and Mr. Ouimet. The decision to which the gentlemen have come does not appear at all remarkable when we remember what disagreeable encounters would be likely to befall them on a visit to the west. Sir Charles, for instance, would not feel any degree of pleasure in meeting the sealers and the canners, though he professes to be anxious for a conference with the latter. Then Mr. Ouimet would not care to have anything to say on the school question in Manitoba, but he would be obliged to do so if he visited that province. He would not dare to repeat there the speeches he has made in Quebec, and his Quebec friends would knife him if he did anything else. He has not the courage to follow Mr. Laurier's example and keep to the one position on this school question, in whatever province he may be speaking. Taking all the circumstances into consideration, we do not feel at all surprised at the two ministers funking the western tour.

PURELY IMAGINARY.

"Our evening contemporary seems very much annoyed because we do not join with it in singing the praises of Mr. Laurier. It is not content that we should enjoy our own opinion of that gentleman's political utterances in peace. It is so unreasonable as to get cross when it sees that we do not agree with it and allows itself to say uncivil things." These are a few figments of the Colonist's imagination. The Times has not asked the Colonist to join in singing the praises of Mr. Laurier or shown the least annoyance because it has kept its own opinion. But we have entertained and expressed a feeling of surprise that our neighbor should persist in saying things which it knows are not true, and which many others know are not true, in regard to Mr. Laurier's visit and his speeches. In the hearing of thousands of people the Liberal leader set forth plainly and definitely the policy of his party, yet the Colonist had the assurance to affirm that he set forth only vague and indefinite generalities. While thousands of people knew from their own observation that the visit of Mr. Laurier and his companions left a remarkably good impression on the mind of the British Columbia public, the Colonist asserted the contrary. What we have said, and still say, is that in following this course our neighbor was displaying considerable foolishness, and we can only account for its exhibition by supposing that its dismay had a bad effect on its nerves. To have found fault with the declaration that the Liberals would introduce freedom of trade as soon as practicable would have been legitimate criticism, but to assert that the declaration did not convey a definite meaning was rather insulting to the intelligence of those who listened to it. If the Colonist has recovered from the demoralization superinduced by its alarm it will perhaps be able to appreciate the difference.

St. John Telegraph: The Tories know that they cannot defend their own administration of the government, and they hope to befool the people by making political capital out of some pretended admissions in the speeches of the Liberal leader. After fifteen years of scandalous misgovernment of the Dominion, they think that the people of Canada may be induced to give them another lease of power if they can only raise dust enough to befog the issue before the electors. That the scheme will fail goes without saying. The people of Canada have tried the government in the balance and found them wanting, and at the next election they will invite them to give place to better men.

Says the Columbian: "Could anything be plainer, from the foregoing, than that the Conservative policy is protection—a tariff whose ruling principle is the raising of the price of home manufactured articles, so as to give the home manufacturer an advantage over the outside manufacturer at the expense of the consumer—and that the Liberal policy is free trade, consistent with the requirements of revenue. So much is certainly clear enough. If words have any meaning, Mr. Laurier could not well have made himself any clearer as to the policy and aim of his party on the question. He might, it is true, have declared that the Liberals would, immediately on gaining power, put their policy into full operation—in other words, inaugurate a fiscal revolution. And because he did not do so, but stated plainly that the free trade policy of his party would be brought about gradually, the hue and cry of the Conservative press is: 'Mr. Laurier's utterances on the tariff are vague and meaningless. The Liberal party has no tariff policy!'"

The Montreal Gazette is entitled to a measure of gratitude from the people of British Columbia on account of a correction which it administers to the Rev. Principal Grant on the Chinese immigration question. Dr. Grant, like many other eastern people who know nothing of the Chinese character, is opposed to the head tax, and he wrote a letter to the general Methodist conference denouncing that tax as unjust, iniquitous, etc. The Gazette points out wherein he is in error and concludes with these pointed remarks:

They make no addition to the commercial, social or political strength of the nation. Almost their only contribution to the revenue is the $50 tax. The money they make is carefully hoarded up, and as soon as they have got enough they go back to the Celestial land and spend it. They remain, and always must remain, a class apart by themselves, having no interests or opinions in common with the rest of the population. They are a dead weight on any community striving to rise in the social or moral scale, and where they constitute a large proportion of the population they are a serious danger to its well being. All the civilized countries to which John Chinaman has easy access have taken measures to keep him within bounds, not because he is objectionable as a Chinaman, but because of his habits and manner of life. If Principal Grant could invent some sort of a moral thermometer to test a man's fitness for citizenship, a tax on undesirable immigrants might take the place of the tax on the Chinese as such; but at present, knowing only that the Chinese as a class are undesirable, and having no means of distinguishing one from another, we can only deal with them as Chinamen. It is easy for reverend principals, with their eyes on the far off mission field, to theorize, but people who know the Chinese as they live in Canadian cities will oppose the step to open the doors to immigrants of that character. If the law is to be changed at all, it is likely to be in the opposite direction.

Inter-State Fair.

For the Inter-State Fair at Tacoma, the steamer City of Kingston has made a round trip rate of $5.70, including two admissions to the fair.

Tickets on sale every Tuesday and Friday, from August 14th to October 30th inclusive, with final limit of twenty days from date of sale.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.

—Cool Milwaukee beer on draught at the Delmonico hotel; 5 cents a glass. *

Surprising Reduction in Dentistry Charges.

What is the use of paying $15 for a rubber plate when you can get a gold one for a few dollars more.

We will for one month from this date make a reduction of 50 per cent in gold plates. This is simply to introduce a genuine 20k gold plate to the people of Victoria.

This plate will last a lifetime and will never require repairing. People will wonder how we can do it, and probably think that inferior workmanship will be done, but we wish to dissuade you of any such notion. Our idea is to make a plate to please the public and get them to try us; consequently we must give an inducement. We will not make any money on these plates, but will feel assured that every plate we make will bring us others. Remember the price will remain as stated for one month only from September 1st to October 1st.

Dr. Findley has charge of this branch and his ability as a mechanical dentist is too well-known to need further mention.

DRS. FINDLEY & BAKER,
OFFICES: 34 1-2 Government street, next to Bank of Montreal.

TACOMA'S BIG FAIR.

Everything Running Along Smoothly—Athletic Day.

Tacoma, Sept. 19.—Reducing the price of admission to the Interstate Fair on Sundays and on all evenings has proved a popular move and the attendance at the great exposition has in consequence been greatly increased. Rain or shine a large crowd passes in the gates every afternoon. The band concerts which are given every afternoon and evening are a strong drawing card in themselves, especially in wet weather. The amusement attractions, being all inside of the various buildings, do not lack for patronage at any time.

It is a matter of history of all fairs that the show was never fairly at its best and in full swing until some time after its opening. That has been the case with the Interstate Fair. For a time exhibits were slow in coming and concessionaires were also slow in becoming installed. There was an air of incompleteness overhanging the whole place. All this has now been changed. The fair is well along in its season, things have settled down to a well regulated basis, people have found out where to find things that they want to see and where the best of everything is to be seen and the greatest exposition ever seen in the Northwest is going merrily on its way.

It is a picturesque and unique fair. With its big foreign section and many foreign concessionaires it has taken on a metropolitan appearance. Men of a dozen nations are found gathered together within its borders, fraternizing and working on a common basis. Their life and pleasures within the fair city are amusing and interesting studies in themselves. The other day the Orient for the first time in the history of civilization took a fall, figuratively speaking, out of the Occident. A fez-wearing vendor of Turkish candy in the Oriental village put up a job on a crowd of spielers and worked it to a successful conclusion. He collected a lot of samples of soap that a man in the main building is giving away, cut them up and labelled the bits "American candy." He then invited the spielers to compare it with the Turkish article. They tried it and in a few minutes there was war in the far East. The fez-wearer was compelled to call in the fair guards to protect him from the promised onslaught of the spielers who were frothing at the mouth with rage and soap.

Athletic day, October 4, promises to be a notable event. It is also Portland, Port Townsend, Elks and Mystic Shriners' day and the crowd will doubtless be a tremendous one. The programme of the athletic sports of the day is as follows:

Running, 100 yards; running, one-half mile; hurdle race, 440 yards; running long jump; running high jump; running hop-step-and-jump; sack race; running backwards, 75 yards; 15-minute go-as-you-please race, and the following professional boxing and wrestling events: Four rounds, boxing, Patsy Corrigan of Tacoma, and George Williams of Australia; five style wrestling match, Chas. Eyton of Australia and Patsy Corrigan of Tacoma.

In addition to these, Trevvett, the champion amateur lightweight of the Tacoma Athletic club, has been matched to wrestle with Greenland, the champion of the Multnomah Athletic club of Portland. Other events are being arranged.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

What the New York Papers Say About the Candidates.

New York, Sept. 19.—The leading New York papers comment as follows on the Republican state ticket: The Record—No stronger ticket could be made by the Republican party, and Democracy cannot name one that will be in it. Morton and Saxton will poll every Republican vote, and in addition they will attract to the party they lead thousands of independent Democrats in every section of the state. Morton and Saxton will win. New York will be again a Republican state.

The Times—The Republicans have put forward a candidate who has no real strength with the people because he has never done anything to evoke their admiration or win their confidence, who is nominated simply and solely because of his great wealth, while the Democrats have still the opportunity of which they are evidently in a frame of mind to avail themselves to nominate a candidate of commanding strength, a candidate who will unite their party and mass its superior numbers against the enemy.

The Tribune—Mr. Morton has easily won the Republican nomination for governor, yet not without such earnest and [illegible] ed the efforts in behalf of other candidates. The convention has proved the abounding vitality of the party, and clearly expressed the prevailing expectation of a Republican victory. Mr. Morton possesses many elements of strength, which nobody has ever thought of depreciating and least of all of the sagacious Democrats who will have to lead hope which they themselves pronounce forlorn. He had long been privately concerned in the administration of great affairs, he has had varied experience in public life, has served his fellow citizens faithfully and acceptably at home and abroad, is universally esteemed for his unblemished character, and has established a general conviction of his ability to fill the high office for which he has been named with credit to himself and advantage to the state. Hard, united and persistent work from now until election, will win a splendid and enduring victory, and that must be the rule and practice of the campaign.

Neither the Herald nor the Sun has anything to say, editorially in regard to the nominations.

Seal Teeth!

Jewellery of all kinds in fine gold and beautifully finished is what Pennock & Lowe, the Jewellers, are making a specialty of just now. 63 Government St., next Spencer's Arcade.

DIED OF HIS WOUNDS.

Death of Master Daykin Who Met with an Accident Yesterday.

William T. Daykin, the 12-year-old son of Lighthouse-Keeper Daykin of Carmanah Point, died early this morning at St. Joseph's Hospital from wounds received in an accident which occurred at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the lighthouse. Young Daykin, with one of the deck hands from the Dominion government steamer Quadra, was riding on the car, which is hauled on rails from the beach to the lighthouse at the top of the cliff. The car when loaded is hauled from the beach by means of a wire rope attached to a small engine. The decline to the beach is steep, and when being lowered a tight rope has to be kept. Master Daykin and the deck hand were being lowered down on an empty care when the brake on the engine failed to work and the car with its human freight went down the declivity at a fearful rate. The deck hand pulled himself off the car by catching the hand rail before it reached the end of the track, but the unfortunate boy remained on and was thrown among the rocks and logs on the beach. His skull was fractured and his arm and wrist broken. He was immediately placed on the Quadra and with his father and mother was brought to Victoria. On the arrival of the steamer here late last night the boy was sent to St. Joseph's, where he was attended by Dr. Jones. He was, however, beyond recovery and died a few hours after his arrival at the hospital. The funeral took place at 3:30 this afternoon from the residence of Mr. Owens, mate of the Quadra, and later from Christ Church Cathedral. The funeral had to take place immediately, as Mr. Daykin has to return to Carmanah to-night on the Quadra.

It is only a short time since Mr. Daykin's eldest son was drowned in the surf. The deck hand who was on the car had his arm badly wrenched.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Request to Have Immigrants Detained at Hamburg.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Secretary of State Gresham has been asked to instruct the consul at Hamburg to detain immigrants from eastern and western Prussia.

Harrisburg, Sept. 19.—Sargent has been re-elected grand master of locomotive firemen by acclamation. Jno. J. Hanahan was elected one of the vice-grand masters.

Peoria, Sept. 19.—President Morris of the whiskey trust has resigned.

San Jose, Cal., Sept. 19.—Guy Silcox, aged 15 years went to sleep on the track in the yard where cars were standing. One arm lay across the track. He was awakened by a sharp pain, a wheel having cut of the arm at the elbow. The boy, whose father has a ranch above Los Gatos, came to town and joined a circus which was to leave early this morning.

Stockton, Cal., Sept. 19.—A. J. Duffy who killed Fred Wacksmith at Tracy on the 6th has been held for trial in bonds of $20,000.

San Francisco, Sept. 19.—Wm. McGreevy, formerly a special policeman, was arrested this morning on two charges to commit arson. In each instance he endangered the lives of over a dozen people who were sleeping in the two buildings which he set on fire. McGreevy was seen lighting a pile of old rages which he had held up against the house of Joe Pohelm, but the blaze was extinguished without any damage. In the second case the fire bug made an effort to destroy a house belonging to Daniel Harvey, but was again seen in time and held until a policeman took him into custody.

—Do you drink beer? Drink the best Milwaukee, five cents at the Delmonico hotel. *

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

PLATE AND SHEET GLASS AT MELLOR'S, Fort St., above Douglas

"CORONAS," $4 per doz.

Former price $7, and a large

"CRAYON," $1.00.

"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Oil stoves at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Alexandra lodge, Sons of England, will hold its quarterly meeting this evening.

—We are selling some odd curtains, etc., and the funny part of them is the price. Weiler Bros.

—F. R. Stewart of Vancouver has a carload of fresh eggs due to arrive at the end of this week.

—Your child needs healthful exercise. We have swinging clubs and dumb bells. Wieler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

—The annual meeting of th Y. M. C. A., adjourned from a week ago, will be held this evening at the rooms of the association.

—You will see a nice variety of "Down Quilts," cushions, etc., at Weiler Bros.; you will need such things during these cold nights.

—R. Simon and his son, J. Simon, of Vancouver, have been arrested in Seattle for smuggling English woollen goods into the United States.

—Collector A. R. Milne has received from the deputy minister of commerce copies of the tariffs of all nations, published by the international customs tariff bureau. Copies may be seen by any shippers at the custom house.

—The young people of Emmanuel Baptist church gave a well attended and very successful social at the old church on Fernwood road on Monday night. The programme was an attractive one and at its close refreshments were served.

—The Victoria owners of Port Angeles realty are holding a meeting at the Driard hotel this afternoon with General S. Coolican, president, and M. J. Carrigan, secretary of the Port Angeles board of trade. Some matters affecting the future of Port Angeles are being discussed, and the local owners will probably be asked to co-operate.

—Perseverance lodge, N. 1, I. O. G. T., held its usual meeting last night, which was well attended by visiting members. One candidate was admitted into the order. There is some talk of a church parade in the near future by the various lodges of the city. The following programme was gone through with: Recitation, Mr. O'Donnell; recitation, Mr. Trowedale; piano solo, Mr. Watts; recitation, Miss M. Eckersly; speech, Mr. Newbiggan, P. C. T. of Triumph lodge; reading, Mr. Cooper, of Pride of the Ridge lodge.

—The saloon passenger list of the Empress of China, which sailed for the Orient yesterday, is as follows: Dr. W. Levinshein, Miss L. R. Safford, Mr. Dymond, Mrs. Dymond, A. Halot, T. W. Markley, A. W. Markley, Mr. Elmon, R. Harding Davis, Mr. Fripp, L. W. Perkins, Mrs. H. C. Richards, Miss G. S. Richards, Miss H. S. Richards, F. H. Richards, H. C. Richards, Miss Montgomery, Miss McCullough, J. R. McCullough, Miss K. L. Schaeffer, Miss Kidwell, Miss Allen, Miss Shaw, Miss Corbin, Miss Peters, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Vanderburg, J. M. Overcotter, Miss Butler, Miss Otto, Miss Holmes, Miss Shegar, Miss Atkinson, Earl C. Fry, Rev. M. W. Taylor, Miss L. Pencod, Miss L. V. Gullett, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Walker, J. Allercroft, W. Allercroft, T. A. Hearne, Mrs. Hearne and infant, T. Goffey, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert Howe Ashton, Miss Dora Goffey, Miss Louise Goffey, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Goffey, Hon. C. H. Strutt, Mr. Debusin, Mr. Soneshing, Fred Levines, Miss Cox, Miss P. S. Harris, Rev. S. Sawley, Mrs. Sawder, G. E. Morse, E. Ringe, James McGowan, A. C. Harris, J. C. Harris, Miss E. J. Platt, Master A. Buxton, Master Buxton, Rev. and Mrs. Barclay Buxton, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Cooper, A. C. Elmore and Rev. A. B. Winchester.

—Delmonico hotel, Milwaukee beer 5 cents.

—Have you registered as a Dominion voter?

—The steamer City of Topeka leaves for Alaska this evening.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Five cents buys a glass of cool Milwaukee beer at the Delmonico hotel.

—It is understood that Edward Lewis will be a candidate for the seat on the school board vacated by J. S. Yates.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—As usual Weiler Bros. are showing a splendid range of Crossley's celebrated carpets, Brussels, tapestries, velvets, Wiltons, etc.

—The time for registering as a Dominion voter will close on the 15th of next month. Revising barrister Wootton will give full information.

—Thomas Baird, an uncle of Sergeant John Walker and Constable R. Walker of this city, died recently at Kincardine, Ont. He was 57 years of age.

—The lecture by Mrs. Watt at St. Ann's Convent to-morrow (Thursday) at 3:30 p.m., is called "The Barrie Folk," a critique on the works of J. M. Barrie. Admission 50 cents.

—There will be an important meeting of the Liberal Association at Philharmonic hall on Friday night. A large attendance of members is urged, as business of a very important nature is to be brought before the meeting.

—The funeral of the late W. E. Gardner took place from Hanna's parlors and the Metropolitan Church, the Rev. Mr. Knox officiating at the church and the grave. The pallbearers were Messrs. Beuker, Roper, Twiss, Dunnington, Irving and Kerr.

—The Nanaimo Free Press is responsible for the following: "It is stated that a man in the southern portion of the city a few days ago sold his wife to another man for $8, and the lady was a willing party to the agreement, so the transfer of affections was amicably effected. It is further said the usual papers were made out and duly executed.

—Two large British ships, the Lauriston, Captain Latta, and the Cape York, Captain Mitchell, dropped their anchors in Royal Roads this morning. They are both here for orders, and will probably load grain at one of the coast ports. The Lauriston was towed in by the Sea Lion, and is from Shanghai. The Cape York sailed in, 42 days from Nagasaki.

—A bottle containing the following note was picked up on the beach at Alki Point near Seattle:

September 9, 1894.

The finder of this message will send the same to H. J. Bystradt, room 29, Continental Hotel, Victoria, B. C.

I am resolved to take my life.

I am now in a skiff in Seattle harbor and am going to drown myself.

NELLIE BYSTRADT.

—There are several parties out to-day searching for the body of John B. Carmichael, who was drowned off Albert head on Monday morning. Sergeant Langley is in charge of the work being done by the provincial police, and the members of the K. of P. lodge to which the drowned man belonged have organized a party to work in co-operation with him. They had not returned up to 4 o'clock, but it is highly improbable that they will be successful.

—Alberni miners have not been idle this summer. The Constance Mining company have turned China creek from its natural course and are confident of making a good wash-up. A great drawback to the work on China creek is the lack of a good road over which to haul lumber, which is now costing at the mines $95 per thousand feet. Several claims about a quarter of a mile above the Constance are paying well. W. M. McCoy is going to wash up at his claim next week and anticipates large results. W. Helligers has sold his interest in a placer claim for $2500 to an American capitalist, who intends to work it by the cyanide process.

—H. D. Wright, writing from 40-mile creek, Yukon, on June 2nd, said they were having delightful weather at that time. He made the trip from Juneau to Forty Mile creek, a distance of 850 miles, in 41 days, the fastest time yet made. Several parties that started five weeks before Mr. Wright were overtaken by him, being unable to cross the summit on account of storms and frost. They hauled their supplies two hundred miles on sleds and made the rest of the trip on rafts and in boats. Miners on Miller creek, where all the ground is taken up, expect to make a good thing this season. About three hundred men went into the Yukon country last spring. Provisions are very dear, costing four times as much as they do in Victoria, with an additional cost of from ten to twenty cents per pound for pack'ng.

Eastern Oysters.

Celebrated Eagle Oysters, fresh every steamer, now in stock. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

.. ..

LANSDOWNE HOUSE....

...86 YATES STREET,

Will on Tuesday, Sept. 18th, and two following days have an.....

AT HOME

...In the way of a...

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

To which the Ladies of Victoria are respectfully invited. We will on these three (3) days.....

...DISPLAY...

Trim'd Millinery

Hats AND Bonnets

These Beautiful Goods were personally selected in New York, Montreal and Toronto by.....

Miss E. J. Duffie

(Late of the Stanley House)

Who will be pleased to see all her old friends and customers and so many new ones as may favor her with a call at the....

LANSDOWNE HOUSE.

Millinery and Mantle OPENING

Tuesday, Sept. 18, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

A choice selection of French, English and American Millinery, personally selected by Miss Wadsworth, has arrived, and we would invite our friends to inspect the stock, on Tuesday, the 18th. Our stock of Millinery for this season is very choice. The latest Novelties, Pattern Hats and Bonnets from Paris and New York, which as the ladies say, are perfectly lovely.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT is complete with Latest Styles of Jackets, Capes, Ulsters and a choice line of Mackintoshes. Ladies' and Children's Furs.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, 88 Yates St.

CLEARANCE SALE....

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS I will Sell the whole of my Stock of

MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS, GENT'S FURNISHINGS, ETC.

At Prices never before heard of in this city.

All Men's, Youths' and Children's Suits, etc., are marked down to actual cost and in many cases under cost. See our poster in this paper for prices of some of our goods.

REMEMBER THESE PRICES WILL BE FOR CASH ONLY.

The Addess is: Golden Rule Clothing Store, Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

W. J. JEFFREE.

DOWN QUILTS DOWN CUSHIONS

JUST ARRIVED

...AT...

WEILER BROS.,

A well assorted stock of Down Quilts in pretty sateen coverings at very reasonable prices. You should see these goods which we think are the best we have ever offered for the money. These goods are needed for the chilly nights of fall and winter.

51 to 55 Fort Street.

SATEEN QUILTS SATEEN CUSHIONS

CAMPBELL & CO.,

THE FASHIONABLE TAILORS,

WILL RE-OPEN ON THE 21st INST., WITH . . .

A full line of Fall and Winter Goods. Everything New, Fresh and Neat; at the old stand.

NO. 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

813-tf

GOLDMAN,

The Toronto Tailor

Wishes to announce to the general public that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment at 46 Yates street. His stock consists of the latest importation of Woolens in the most fashionable designs. Prices to be a revelation to people of Victoria. Fit and workmanship guaranteed or money refunded. People desiring to have suits made up of their own cloth will find this the cheapest place in the city.

Suits from $12 up.

Pants from $2.50 up.

Including trimmings. None but white labor employed.

GOLDMAN, The Toronto Tailor, aug 20-1m 46 Yates Street.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

W. G. PRICE, Esq., late steward of the Union Club of this city, having purchased an undivided half interest in the business of the London Hotel is hereby acknowledged to be a full partner in said business from and after this date.

CALIFORNIA WINE CO., Ltd.,
C. L. Jackson, Manager.

N.B.—Mr. Price will feel pleased to see his old friends in his new garb at the corner of Johnson and Broad streets.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 10th, 1894.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

BR. SHIP "EATON HALL"

CAPT. LOWRISON,

From Liverpool.

Neither the master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD.,
Consignees.

s15-2w

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Fort St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings, Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

COINAGE OF SILVER.

Secretary Carlisle Explains What the Government Must Do.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 18.—A great many letters have been received at the treasury department recently making inquiries concerning the coinage of silver dollars and the redemption and cancellation of treasury notes, and in order to avoid the labor of retailing the information in answer to each letter Secretary Carlisle dictated to-day the following memorial on the subject, which he gave to the United Press for publication:

"The first section of the act of July 14, 1890, known as the Sherman act, provides that the secretary of the treasury should purchase from time to time bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as might be offered each month at the market price, not exceeding $1 for 371.25 grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purposes treasury notes of the United States in such form and denominations, not less than $1 nor more than $1000, as he might prescribe. The second section of that act provides that the notes so issued shall be redeemable on demand in coin at the treasury, or when so redeemed may be reissued, but no greater or lesser amounts of such notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom then held in the treasury or purchased by such notes. The second section further provides that upon demand of the holder of any of the notes therein provided the secretary of the treasury shall under such regulations as he may prescribe redeem such notes in gold or silver coin at his discretion, it being the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other upon the present legal ratio or such ratio as may be prescribed by law. The third section provides that the secretary of the treasury shall coin each month two million ounces of the silver bullion purchased under the provisions of the law into standard silver dollars until the first day of July 1891, and after that time he shall coin of the silver bullion so purchased as much as may be necessary to provide for the redemption of the treasury notes therein provided for and any gain or seigniorage arising from such coinage shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury.

"It will be seen from the foregoing that while the law provides that redeemed treasury notes may be reissued, it also in the same section imposes an express limitation upon the power to reissue by declaring that 'no greater or lesser amount of such notes shall be outstanding at any time than the cost of the silver bullion and the standard silver dollars coined therefrom held in the treasury purchased by such notes.'

"When such notes are redeemed in gold there is no obstacle in the way of their reissue, because redemption does not affect the stock of silver held in the treasury under the act of July 14, 1890, and continued when they are redeemed by silver coined from the bullion purchased under that act they must be retired or cancelled, for otherwise there would be, after the redemption and reissue, a greater amount of notes outstanding than the cost of the silver originally purchased and then held in the treasury, and this is expressly prohibited by the statute.

"The purpose of congress was to prevent the duplication of currency, which would be the case if the notes and the silver purchased with the notes could be outstanding at the same time."

THE OLDEST NOVEL KNOWN.

An Egyptian Work of Fiction Three Thousand Years Old.

As old Egypt was the cradle of all the arts and sciences, so too it seems to have been the cradle of the novel, that is, of the imaginative story designed for the inculcation of moral ideas, the story in which virtue is invariably rewarded and vice invariably punished. A story of this type, "The Tale of the Two Brothers," is noticed and analyzed in an article by that well known Egyptologist, the late Amelia B. Edwards, in the Contemporary Review, August. She tells us:

"'There were two brothers, children of one mother and one father. Anpu was the name of the big brother and Betau was the name of the little brother. Now Anpu he had a horse and a wife, and his little brother lived with him as his serving man. It was Betau who drove the cattle to the fields and tilled the grounds. It was he who threshed the corn and did the field-work. It was he who drove the cattele to the pasture land and tilled the ground; for this little brother was a good laborer, and he had not his equal in all the country. He followed his cattle every day, and he came back to the house every night loaded with the produce of the fields. And he brought the produce and placed it before his big brother, in the place where he sat with his wife. And he ate, drank, and slept in the stable with his good beasts. And when the day dawned, and he had baked the bread, and placed the loaves before his big brother, he would take some bread with him to the fields, and drive the cattle to the meadow. And as he went behind them, they would each say to the other, 'There is good grass in such a place.' And he, understanding what they said, would take them to the pastures which they coveted. Hence the cattle which were his charge became big and sleek, and multiplied greatly after their kind.'

"One of the most ancient examples of fiction in the world, one which has survived the rise and fall of many any ancient and many a modern empire, is an Egyptian romance entitled 'The Tale of the Two Brothers.' We have the original manuscript in the British Museum. It is written on nineteen sheets of papyrus, in a fine hieratic hand, and it was penned some three thousand two hundred years ago by a Theban scribe named Ennana. This Ennana was librarian of the palace to King Merenptah, the supposed Pharoah of the exodus; and he appears to have written the tale by order of the treasurer, for the entertainment of the royal prince, Seti Merenptah, who subsequently reigned as Setti II. This prince has signed his name in two places on the back of the manuscript, these being probably the only autograph signatures of any Egyptian king which have come down to our time. This most venerable and precious document was purchased in Italy by Madame d'Orbiney, who sold it in 1857 to the authorities of the British Museum; and it is now known as the d'Orbiney Papyrus.

"The story begins exactly like an old fashioned fairy-tale:

"This shows a purely patriarchal condition of society, and it is historically valuable inasmuch as it gives us a glimpse of the home-life of the fellah in the time of the Pharoahs."

Miss Edwards informs us that "big" and "little" do not refer to size but correspond to elder and younger, and continues with the story:

"And when the season had come for tilling the ground, Anpu said to Betau: 'Go, make ready our gear, for the waters have gone down, and the land is good for tillage. Go thou to the field with the seed, and we will go to work to-morrow morning.'" So said he. And the little brother did all that which his big brother had bidden him do. And when the next day came, they went into the field with their team; and they got to work; and their hearts were glad, very glad; and they labored all day long, without halting even to rest.'

"After this (says Miss Edwards), the story goes on to tell how the big brother's wife falls in love with Betau, who is horror-stricken and upbraids her fiercely. Hereupon she foully maligns him to Anpu, who becomes 'as a panther of the south,' and sharpens his knife that he may slay his little brother, when Betau shall return from the field at the close of day. But the faithful beasts lift up their voices, and warn Betau of his peril; whereupon he flies for his life, pursued by his elder brother. Suddenly a broad river, swarming with crocodiles, flows in between them. Awed by this miracle, and touched by the protestations of Betau, Anpu is at last convinced of his little brother's innocence, and at the same time of his wife's perfidy. So he goes home and slays her, and casts out her body to the dogs; but Betau, self-exiled, goes away to a place called the Valley of Acacia, where he lives by the chase. By and by, however, the gods take compassion upon him, and create a beautiful damsel to be his bride and share his solitude; and Betau loves her dearly. One day, when he is out hunting, the river rises and pursues her. She escapes, but not before the acacia tree had seized a lock of her hair, and thown it into the stream. This lock of hair is carried by the current to Memphis, where it is fished out by one of the king's officers, who conveys it to Pharoah himself. Now the perfume of the tresses was so delicious that the king summoned his scribes and magicians, and they told him that it belonged to a daughter of the gods. Hereupon the king sent out messengers to north, south, east and west, that they might find this maiden of divine birth, but when they came to the Valley of Acacia Betau slew them all. Then Pharoah dispatched more messengers, and many archers and armed charioteers, and with them a woman, who tempted the wife of Betau to be faithless to her husband, and become the wife of the king of Egypt. And she went, and the king saw her and loved her, and made her his queen, and all the land of Egypt was glad. After this Betau goes through many surprising adventures; is twice killed, and twice comes to life again, the first time as a bull, and the second time as a persea tree. Lastly, he becomes re-incarnate in human form, and ends by killing his perjured bride, and becoming king over all the land of Egypt."

This is the barest outline of the story, which, we are told, can be found at length in English, French and German translations. But the story as thus given is pronounced to be not one but two stories. The Valley of Acacia to which Betau betakes himself is the Valley of the Shadow of Death. To go thither is to die. "A more simple story," remarks Miss Edwards, "was never written, yet it contains the elemental stuff of which all the romantic literature of after ages was compounded—love, treason, jealousy, vice, virtue, murder, remorse."

The tale of Anpu and Betau is assigned to a very remote antiquity: "It may be as old as the pyramids." The sequel bears the impress of a later date, "perhaps of the Rameside period."

That the ancient Egyptians were novelists and readers of novels was what no one supposed until the discovery of Madame d'Orbiney's papyrus in 1857. Since that time many more specimens have come to light, showing that these eminently sedate mummies had tastes as frivolous as our own. Yes, Egypt was the cradle of romance, and Miss Edwards suggests that Herodotus borrowed many narratives from Egyptian sources, accepting them as facts. In truth the "Two Brothers," like many other Egyptian stories, has passed into all lands, taking color from the soil, and becoming popular everywhere.

A FANCY OF THE NIGHT.

Full sweet are thy spells, O Night!
Woven of mystery;
Thou touchest with silver light
The tip of yonder tree,
Which seems from the darkened height
A castle fair to see.

Beneath, in the shaded glen,
Stirred by the cool night air,
Is the brave knight and his men
Who storm the castle fair.
I may see them not; but then,
I feel that they are there.

And now up the mountain-side
The gentle night winds go;
So the knights in armor ride
(I can catch the armor's glow),
While the castle in its pride
Frowns on the force below.

I can hear the night wind's sigh;
It shakes the limbs about;
'Tis the warden's warning cry;
Again the victors shout—
And from the turret high
A misty flag blows out.

—Flavel Scott Mines, in Harper's Weekly.

Home and Abroad.

It is the duty of everyone, whether at home or travelling for pleasure or business, to equip himself with a remedy which will keep up strength and prevent illness, and cure such ills as are liable to come upon all in everyday life. Hood's Sarsaparilla keeps the blood pure and less liable to absorb the germs of disease.

HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and perfect in proportion and appearance. 25c per box.

Derby Plug

SMOKING TOBACCO.

"UNION" MADE.

ITS SALES ARE

BIG!

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MUNICIPAL.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF REAL PROPERTY.

Tax notices have this day been posted to all parties assessed for Real Property in the City of Victoria. If not delivered at residence, please call at postoffice for same.

CHAS. KENT,
City Collector's Office, Collector.
City Hall, August 28, 1894. aug29-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply, on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

HONOLULU, BY G. N. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 29th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,870 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai..Thursday, October 18th, at 8 p.m

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Beatson Square, Victoria.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

City of Puebla - - Sept. 20

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. D. STEVENS,
General Agent,
No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED			Victoria Route.	TONNAGE		
18 knots			S.S. "City of Kingston."	1117		
3 30 pm	Lv	M I	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	35	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	103	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

S. S. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this line will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

C. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19

To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. | | |

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Absent Teachers Must Pay Their Substitutes Full Wages in Future.

Trustee Yates' Seat Declared Vacant—To Change School Boundaries.

Chairman Hayward and Trustees Marchant, Glover, Lovell and Saunders were present at a meeting of the school board held last evening.

J. C. Smith, of Collinson street, complained that his children were not allowed to attend the south ward school, when in fact they lived nearer to that school than to the central school. Mrs. Wolfe of Humboldt street, made a similar request, accompanied by a certificate that the children were sickly. The secretary said the residences were both just outside the South Park boundaries. Trustee Lovell said Mrs. Eckersley, of the Douglas house, had made a similar complaint, her residence being nearer the South Park school. Trustee Glover thought a walk would do the stronger children good but he was in favor of granting the request in the case of the sick children. Chairman Hayward and Trustee Marchant thought the districts should be changed, as they were better posted now that they had been tried.

It was finally referred to a committee to confer with the principals and rearrange the schedule districts, Messrs. Lovell and Glover were appointed on the committee.

Mr. Grove asked that the alley way at the back of the North Ward school be graded. Received and filed.

The janitor of the North Ward school asked for additional salary on account of more work caused by mud in the school grounds and fires during the winter.

Trustee Glover said the mud was so bad that the janitor had to use a shovel to remove it.

The chairman thought that the extra expense should be charged to the contractor who was three months behind in his contract. The contractor was liable for $5 for every day that his contract lapsed.

The matter was referred to the finance committee to report.

Schultz & Morphy demanded on behalf of Williams & Golf the payment of cordwood supplied to the schools by A. J. Rowbotham as agent for them. Received and filed, a copy to be sent to the assignees of A. J. Rowbotham.

John Haggerty asked for payment of a fair share of the amount due for graveling the play ground of the North Ward School. The work could be completed for between $350 and $450, while $1900 was due him.

Mr. Day, the architect, said it was understood that no further money was to be paid until the work was completed. Some of the work would have to be done over again where drains had been broken. Besides cinders had in some places not been put on to the proper depth.

Trustee Lovell explained that the drains that had been broken had been covered. Mr. Haggerty, the contractor, had not changed the fence which encroached on adjoining property, which he had agreed to do.

Trustee Glover moved that Mr. Haggerty be paid $300 on account, which the board approved of.

Hon. Col. Baker, minister of education, wrote as follows:

Victoria, Aug. 29, 1894.

Sir:—A petition has been received by the council of public institution from residents in the vicinity of Oak Bay, McNeil Bay and Foul Bay, asking for the establishment of a school to meet the educational requirements of these localities. I beg to submit that if the Board of Trustees establish a school immediately within the city limits so that the wants of all the children in this neighborhood within easy reach would be met, the board would draw the per capita grant for the total attendance at this school, which would materially assist in meeting the outlay required. I have reason to believe that a school located there, just within the city limits, would have an attendance of from 60 to 80 pupils, and the prospects are that a small attendance would be largely increased in a short time. It must therefore be apparent that it is in the city's interest to meet the request for additional school accomodation in this locality. Allow me to point out that unless the trustees take action in the matter, the government will consider itself called upon to create a new school district adjoining the city limits. Should this be done, the school would doubtless take away a large number of children who are now attending the city schools, thus depriving the city of the per capita grant derivable from their attendance. In view of the above facts, I [illegible] early a date as convenient of the decision of the Board of Trustees in this matter as the parents of the children are anxious to have the new school established early this fall.

(Signed) JAMES BAKER,
Minister of Education.

Trustee Lovell said the board was aware of the necessity for a school but did not have the means.

Trustee Marchant understood that the government had already advertised a new school district in which case they answered their own letter.

The letter was received and acknowledged, the government to be informed that the board did not have the means.

On motion it was decided to allow the new school the use of old desks belonging to the city.

A request from Principal Paul for apparatus for teaching chemistry, was referred to the finance committee. It was stated that the apparatus would cost from $35 to $70.

Trustee Glover pointed out that the valves on the radiators at the North Ward school were cheap ones, the contractor explaining that he was not called upon to put on the best ones. It would cost about $75 to change the valves. Referred to the supply committee.

It was decided to call for tenders for the boiler and pipes at the North Ward school.

Trustee Lovell mentioned some defects in the drains and flush tank at the South Park school. It was explained that Contractor Brown was attending to this.

Trustee Glover said all the doors at the North Ward school were being bound and the paint was almost gone. As a consequence when the doors were opened in the morning large slivers were torn off, the doors now being in a terrible condition. Referred to a committee.

Chairman Hayward reported on the completion of the Pemberton gymnasium, the city having obtained good value for the $3000 expended. It had been suggested that an instructor be appointed.

Trustee Lovell reported that the fitting up of the gymnasium had cost about $100, there being $58 for material and $42 for Mr. St. Clair's labor. As a member of the committee appointed to look into the gymnasium matter he recommended the appointment of Mr. St. Clair as instructor. Mr. St. Clair explained to the committee that 20 minutes would be devoted to each school for physical drill, the Swedish system to be adopted. Each division would have turn about, taking one lesson a week in gymnastics. On Saturdays children unable to take lessons with their companions on account of infirmities, could take lessons. He asked $600 per annum for his services.

Several trustees, while thinking Mr. St. Clair would be a good man, thought it would be wrong to appoint him on account of his deafness.

Trustee Saunders moved, seconded by Trustee Glover, that Mr. St. Clair be appointed at $40 per month.

Trustee Marchant moved, seconded by Trustee Glover, in amendment, that applications be called for, throwing the position open to competition.

The amendment was defeated, the chairman voting against it, and the motion to appoint Mr. St. Clair on provation for three months, provided there is money for the purpose, was adopted.

Reports for the month of August showed average daily attendance of 1822.56; average actual attendance, 1801.09; pupils actually attending, 2070, average per teacher, 44.05. An increase of about two hundred over last year.

Chairman Hayward suggested that the following motion be passed: "That it shall be the duty of the principals of each school to report on or before March, June, September and December of each year, on the work of each division, drawing attention to lack of zeal and ability, if any, of any teachers, or other matters affecting the interest or well being of the school." The motion was adopted.

Trustee Glover drew attention to the fact that teachers on leave of absence were only paying a small amount of their salary to their substitutes. He moved that in future teachers on leave of absence pay their substitutes the full salary.

The chairman mentioned that in some cases the absentees paid their substitutes miserable pittances.

Trustee Marchant moved in amendment that teachers pay their substitutes not less than 75 per cent. of their salaries.

The original motion was adopted, it being added as a rider that the substitutes must be approved by the board.

Chairman Hayward announced that the Province newspaper had made arrangements to have all the school children admitted to the agricultural show free of charge, supplying them with badges.

Trustee Marchant moved, seconded by Trustee Glover, that Trustee Yates' seat be declared vacant. The motion was adopted and W. K. Bull was appointed returning officer to hold an election to fill the vacancy.

Bills amounting to $1285.36 were referred to the finance committee.

The secretary was instructed to notify the Teachers' Institute that the board had not received the usual reports.

The meeting adjourned at 10:30.

CIVIC HOSPITALITY.

To the Editor: Can you inform me if there is any reason why the mayor of this city has not called a public meeting to discuss and arrange for a reception to the governor-general and Lady Aberdeen? A perusal of the telegrams which have appeared in the press points out that they will be here, if not during exhibition week, a few days afterwards. And in bringing this to your notice, Mr. Editor, I do so in the hope that the record of the city for hospitality may be maintained. I would like to give our artists and arch builders ample time to carry out their designs; and if steps are not taken at once, as was the case on a previous occasion, the citizens will not have the opportunity to do honor to their excellencies in a manner befitting the capital city of the province.

Can you also inform me whether it is not customary that the mayor should show some attention to all distinguished visitors who come to this city? I believe the allowance made to his worship is for that purpose, and I am sure I voice the feelings of a great many citizens when I state that we look to the mayor to maintain the dignity and prestige of the city.

PROGRESS.

Smoke Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco. Take no other. "Union" Make.

NANAIMO ELOPERS.

H. E. Ward Locates His Erring Wife at Seattle.

Last week Hannah Ward, the wife of H. E. Ward, a Nanaimo hotel keeper, formerly proprietor of a saloon near the junction of Government and Douglas streets in this city, left her home with a man named Matthew Merritt, a laborer. The erring wife took with her a good supply of money and some jewelry. Ward immediately sent word to the provincial cities to have the couple intercepted, but they managed to make their way to Seattle via Vancouver. Ward located them and proceeded to Seattle and saw them on the street. He followed them to 113 Pike street and went for a policeman to have them arrested. Not having a warrant the police could not comply with his request. Ward started towards the place where his wife was housed. A policeman yelled after him that if he caused trouble the whole crowd would be arrested. "That is exactly what I want," said Ward, and he went like a shot into the house. His wife ran into a side room and Merritt went into the kitchen, where Ward found him. Ward knocked his rival down behind the stove and was knocking the life out of him when the policeman rushed in and tried to stop the row. Ward would not let up until he got a tap on the back of the head with a club. In the row the stove door was knocked off and a kettle of boiling water came near being tipped over on the fighters. Mrs. Ward bathed Merritt's wounds and informed her husband that she was to blame for the elopement. The men were locked up for fighting, but later Ward put up bail and took his wife, who had followed them to the police station, away. Yesterday Judge Glasgow remanded Merritt to jail and took Ward's case under advisement. Mr. Ward is not anxious to prosecute Merritt if he will keep away from Mrs. Ward.

Ward is a large man, fully six feet tall, and will weigh quite two hundred pounds. He is 56 years old, and his hair is iron grey, except on the back of his head, where there is no hair. Mrs. Ward is 29 years old, and looks younger. Merritt is a young man, naturally good looking, but since his encounter with Mr. Ward has lost much of his beauty. Mr. Ward says that Mrs. Ward drinks once in a while and that Merritt took advantage of this weakness to play upon her feelings and get her to run away with him. Mrs. Ward said it was her own fault and Merritt kept his mouth closed.

FIGHT ON THE UMATILLA.

A Passenger Attempts to Shoot his Room Mate.

San Francisco, Sept. 18.—The voyage of the Umatilla from Victoria to San Francisco, which terminated to-day, was a very lively one. When the steamer was a few miles out one of the passengers in room 14 attempted to kill the other, and but for the timely interference of Chief Officer Hall and some few others there would have been a murder. E. R. Beck and Douglas Young both bought berths at Seattle for San Francisco. They were given No. 14. Mrs. Finney, a widow and a friend or relative of Young, was given stateroom No. 12. The party became friendly during the run from Tacoma. At Victoria Beck went ashore and took a number of drinks during his stroll. When he returned to the ship he was not intoxicated, but acted in a strange manner. He went to his room and lay down. Shortly afterwards Young also retired. When the steamer was off Cape Flattery Beck went to his valise and secured a Smith & Wessen revolver. As soon as Young saw this Young jumped out of his berth and grappled with Beck. Neither uttered a sound. Beck used every effort to get the pistol against Young's body and the latter directed all his atention towards keeping the deadly weapon away from him. During the struggle they fell up against the partition which separated staterooms 12 and 14, and Mrs. Finney rushed on deck in her night clothes shrieking "murder!" Her cries brought Officer Hall on the scene and he called the watch. When Mrs. Finney saw them coming she fainted and had to be carried to her room. By this time nearly all the passengers knew that a fight was in progress and they came flocking from their rooms. Chief Officer Hall seized Beck and threw him on his back, took possession of his pistol, handcuffed him and sent him below to be locked up. The barrel of the pistol had been sawn off near the chambers, and had Beck been able to get anywhere near his victim the bullet would have torn a hole through him. Next morning, after consultation with Captain Hunter, the chief [illegible] to another part of the ship, however, and spent his time expressing wonder at what had made him attempt his friend's life.

Sufferers from dyspepsia have only themselves to blame if they fail to test the wonderful curative qualities of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In purifying the blood, this medicine strengthens every organ of the body, and even the most abused stomach is soon restored to healthy action.

Tired Tim—Wot's that you say? Lookin' fer work?

Wayfaring William—Yes. I ain't no tramp. I work on farms. But I never stays in one sityation more'n a week.

"Why not?"

"Well, by that time the folks generally stops treatin' me as company, and wants me to work."—New York Weekly.

"There is a man outside who wants to know if the editor is in," said the Hooter's new office boy. "Show him up." "No, sir," was the firm reply, "I'll resign first. He says that's what the editor's been doing, and he's looking for gore."—Washington Star.

Mrs. J. H. Horsnyder, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal., writes:

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald, and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair

Began to Grow,

and I now have as fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."

"After a fit of sickness, my hair came out in combfulls. I used two bottles of

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and now my hair is over a yard long and very full and heavy. I have recommended this preparation to others with like good effect."—Mrs. Sidney Carr, 1409 Regina st., Harrisburg, Pa.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years and always obtained satisfactory results. I consider it the best preparation for the hair that is made."—C. T. Arnett, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY OF B. C.

EXHIBITION

...AND...

Grand Celebration at New Westminster, B.C.

...ON...

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY,

Oct. 9th, 10th, 11th and 12th.

$15,000—PRIZES—$15,000.

This exhibition-celebration is the largest in the Dominion west of Toronto, and the liberality of the premium list and prizes is unequalled in Western Canada. The premium list of the R. A. & I. Society contains many new features and special prizes of much value. Three Full Days' Sports! Horse races and Gymkhana, aquatic sports, Indian canoe races, fishermen's races, bicycle races, rugby and association football matches, field sports, sailors' sports, promenade concerts and illuminations. Balloon ascension and parachute drop each day by Prof. Soper of Saginaw, Mich., the world renowned aeronaut, assisted by his wonderful trained dogs and monkeys; championship lacrosse match, Victoria vs. New Westminster; junior lacrosse tournament; quoit contest for the championship of B. C. This will be the first real championship competition held in the province, and will be open to all comers.

The Westminster city band and other bands will furnish music throughout the Exhibition-Celebration. Special accomodation rates have been secured over all railway and steamboat lines for visitors and reduced freight rates on exhibits. There will be no charge for exhibits crossing the Fraser at New Westminster. For further particulars as to prizes, sports and celebration, see society's prize list and small programmes of celebration. Further information will be gladly furnished on application to

A. B. MACKENZIE,
Sec. R. A. & I. Society.
ARTHUR MALINS,
Sec. Celebration Com.

T. J. TRAPP,
President R. A. & I. Society.
HENRY HOY, Mayor,
Chairman Celebration Committee.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female disease. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Prompt, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by Langley & Co., Victoria. au27

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

NOTICE

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co'y.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the third day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated Victoria, September 1st, 1894.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

s1-td

NOTICE

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the third day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated Victoria, September 1st, 1894.

CHAS E. POOLEY,
Secretary.

s1-td

Vancouver Island Building Society

The 76th drawing in the above Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad street, on Friday, the 21st September, 1894, at 7:30 p.m.

See that your shares are not in arrears.

By order,

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

s14-td

Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

Accurately adjusted.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Argyle House.

Great Reduction

....IN....

Grey Flannels

GREY FLANNELS . . .
25c. a yd. reduced to 20c. yd

GREY FLANNELS . . .
35c. a yd. reduced to 25c. yd.

BED COMFORTERS . .
75 cents each.

GREY BLANKETS . . .
$2.00 a pair.

WHITE BLANKETS . .
$2.25 a pair

J. Horner & Co.

88 DOUGLAS STREET.

Just Received Mackintoshes, Melissa and Rigby Waterproofs, Overcoats, Winter Suits, Etc Prices to suit the Times. . . . . .

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS and HATTERS,
97 JOHNSON STREET.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

LOCATING A ROAD.

Explorer Allan Returns From a Trip to the Chilcotin Country.

Obstacles in the Way of Building a Road to the Coast Through Mountains.

W. Allan, P. L. S., who has spent the last three months in the mountains exploring for a government road from the Chilcotin country to the coast, is in the city. The object of the proposed road is to give the settlers in the Chilcotin country better means of bringing their cattle to market. At present they have to make a long trip to Ashcroft and come down over the C. P. R. If a road was cut straight through to the coast they would have little difficulty in reaching the coast cities by means of a steamship line to one of the inlets. Nearly all the land in the Chilcotin country is now taken up, and a road to the coast is a necessity. Whether it will be constructed depends much upon Mr. Allan's report to the government. Of course he was not at liberty to say much until he had reported to the powers that be, but he did say emphatically that the country between Tatla lake and the coast was awfully rough. Asked how many good routes there were, he answered: "Practically there is not one good route."

"Is it possible to construct the road?" he was asked.

"Oh, yes, if the money is forthcoming," he answered. He, however, seemed to be of the opinion that the route to the coast through Knight's inlet was the most practicable. The waters of the inlet run seventy miles from the coast line through the Cascade mountains, being navigable the whole distance. From the head of Knight's inlet to Tatla lake is about 120 miles through a very rough country, and from Tatla lake to the centre of the Chilcotin country is another 100 miles, which is clear compared with the mountain portion of the route. Mr. Allan's trip was not impeded by accidents, but some idea of the roughness of the 120 miles from Knight's inlet to Tatla lake can be obtained, Mr. Allan says, from the fact that on some days he and his Indian could not make more than two miles in twelve hours' travelling, and both of them are active explorers. In some places there is twenty feet of fallen timber on the ground, and they went along for days on fallen trees without seeing a sign of mother earth. Again they would run up against perpendicular boulders that it would take hours to go around. There is some good land between the Chilcotin country, and the coast, but it is hard to find and harder still to reach.

THE DANUBE IN PORT.

Search Being Made Up the Skeena For Indian Murderers.

The steamer Danube, Captain Meyer, arrived from the north this morning with a full list of passengers and a cargo of 19,969 cases of salmon, made up as follows: 5394 cases from the Federation Brand Canning Co.; 1321 cases from the North Pacific Packing Co.; 6591 cases from the Balmoral Canning Co.; 438 cases from the Royal Canning and Packing Co.; 5975 cases from the Rivers Inlet Canning Co.; 250 cases from the Alert Bay Canning Co.

Shortly before the steamer left Provincial Officer Donahue came from the Naas and left for the head waters of the Skeena in search of a couple of Indian murderers, wanted for various crimes committed some time ago. He was accompanied by Captain Madden of the steamer Nell and some Indians, and was making the journey up the river in a canoe. It was expected that he would be away for several days.

The steamer Chieftain left the Skeena Saturday for Victoria with a cargo of dogfish oil. The Hudson Bay company's steamer Caledonia was hauled out at Fort Simpson for the season. All of the canneries at Fort Simpson had closed down after a very unsatisfactory season.

The hotel Claxton at Claxton was filled with visitors, most of them hunters from the south. Mine Host Kirby had issued invitations for a grand ball to be given at the hotel on October 1st, and for which great preparations were already being made by him.

Among the passengers down was "Lord" Percy Whittall, well known here. He is having a yacht built at Port Essington, and seems to be greatly enjoying life in the north. He returns there after a brief stay.

The trip down was a very pleasant one, except for a little roughness in Queen Charlotte Sound. Last night there was a splendid concert aboard, in which the Misses Crosby, Mrs. Alexander, Mr. McRae, Mr. Whittall and Mr. Gardner took an active part. The passengers enjoyed it very much.

I.O.O.F. Officers.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 18.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Oddfellows this morning chose Atlanta as the next place of meeting. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Grand Sire, John W. Stebbins of Maryland; Deputy Grand Sire, Hon. Fred Carleton of Texas; Grand Secretary, Thomas Roe, New Jersey, and Grand Treasurer, Isaac Sheppard of Pennsylvania.

THE TERMINAL CITY.

Gang of Highwaymen and Murderers at Work.

Vancouver, Sept. 19.—A chapter of crimes have been committed in this city and vicinity during the past few days. There is said to be a clue to the murder of the Chinaman on Westminster road on Saturday night. The same night a man named Benjamin Burke was held up on the North Arm road by two men who threatened him with death if he resisted. They got $2.80. As Mrs. Russ' residence, South Vancouver, was robbed of a quantity of provisions on Sunday afternoon, it is thought that the murderers hid in the bush all night and being overcome by hunger committed this robbery.

Summerville, the room mate of Harry Higgins, was tried yesterday on a charge of cutting Higgins' throat. He was hired to do some work by Higgins, and to show that Higgins thought him innocent he paid him his wages, and talked in a friendly fashion to him when his throat was stitched up. The doctor said the cut was from one ear to the chin, and testified that Higgins would certainly have bled to death if the hair of his beard had not matted with blood and clogged up the pores. The affair is still surrounded with the greatest mystery. When Summerville appeared with his bondsmen last evening Police Magistrate Jordan decided to dismiss the case so the man was set away a free man.

Noble, accused of passing counterfeit bills, got off, his lawyer, J. H. McGill, successfully contending that Confederate States bills, the money passed, are not counterfeit. Noble, however, was sent to jail on another count, to await his trial, namely obtaining money under false pretences. This will likely hold, as he received $17.15 change for a $20 Confederate bill.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

BASEBALL.

SEATTLE VS. VICTORIA.

The following team will probably represent Seattle in the match with Victoria during exhibition week: Thornton or W. Ballard p.; Cobb c.; Turner s.s.; McKinstry 1 b.; Small 2 b.; Atkinson 3 b.; Noble r. f.; Russell c. f.; S. Ballard l. f.

The members of the Amity baseball club are practicing daily for their game with the Seattle Athletic Club team on October 3rd. They start work at 5:30 o'clock every afternoon, and keep on the field until dusk. They will put a good team in the field and will do their best to win. The Seattles will have their best players out.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Canadian-United States cricket match at Philadelphia was postponed again to-day on account of rain.

The yacht Satanita is for sale.

W. J. McKeon's Henrietta defeated W. C. Snyder's Jim S. in a match race for $100 a side at the Driving Park yesterday.

George Byrnes, owner of Doncaster, has withdrawn his protest against All Smoke.

Further play in the cricket match between Lord Hawke's team and the New York eleven has been declared off on account of rain.

The cricket match between Canada and the United States has been declared a draw.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Miss Broderick, D B Jackson, Robt Kenzie, H H Lane, J E Black, C Sykes.

Per steamer Danube from the north—R. Williams, Mr Roscoe, Misses Crosby, Alix Stewart, James Dickson, Mrs R Hall, C Kent, H W E Canavan, C Helling, Mrs Alexander, Miss Alexander, Miss Hill, Capt Bonsen, Mrs Bonsen and daughter, Mrs Butts and family, Mrs Swagger, C Gardner, Mrs Pierce, T W Conyers, Mrs Conyers, W B Skillen, Mrs Skillen, Miss Nightingale, Theo H Robinson, Mr Ragstad, Mr Johnson, Mr Northest, Mr Mulgairoyd, W H Dempster, William Dalby, Henry Dalby, Frank Earig, Mrs Heaton, Thomas Guy, W Allan, John Simpson.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—F F Rattle, Valo & Brooks, G C Leonard.

Per steamer Danube from the north—A J McLellan, Hust Bros, J Sabiston, Mrs Snow, Mr Roscoe, Federation Brand Canning Co., A B Erskine, H Mansell, Miss Nightingale, H Bell Irving & Co, Balmoral Canning Co, Joseph Hallard, Turner Beeton & Co, J Piercy & Co, R Porter & Sons, Royal Canadian Packing Co, F J Claxton, Findlay Durham & Brodie, Thos Earle, M R Smith, Brackman & Kerr.

PERSONAL.

W. B. Skillen and Mrs. Skillen are down from the north.

Miss Broderick returned home on the Rosalie this morning.

W. H. Dempster came down from the north on the Danube.

Charles Kent, city treasurer, returned this morning from the north.

Mrs. R. H. Hall and Miss Hall returned from the north this morning.

D. B. Jackson, of the Northwestern Steamboat Co., is in the city.

William Dalby and Henry Dalby came down from Claxton this morning.

H. W. E. Canavan, of Port Simpson, and W. S. Cole of Naas are at the Driard.

Theo. H. Robinson manager of the Balmoral cannery is down for the winter.

W. H. Dorman of the post office inspectors' office leaves for California to-morrow evening.

R. P. Rither arrived at Ottawa yesterday and will likely leave there for home to-morrow.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

FOUR SEALERS RETURN HOME

The McDonald and Annie E. Paint Have Good Catches and Others Fair Ones.

May Belle Had a Very Hard Season and the McDonald Also Met With Disaster.

The sealing schooners are now rapidly returning to port. Three more, the Annie E. Paint, Geneva and Agnes Macdonald, reached the harbor this morning, and others are expected during the day. The Annie E. Paint, Captain Bissett, made a very quick run down from the Copper islands.

"We were but fifteen days to the Cape," said Captain Bissett this morning. "We had fair weather, and early in the trip made great time. So interested were we in the trip and the time it would take that we made up a pool. An imaginary line was chalked off on the chart from Cape Flattery to Cape Beale, time was carefully noted, and it was agreed that the man guessing the nearest should take all the stakes. We put up our money and made our guesses. One of the boys said fifteen days, and he was the winner. We have had a very pleasant voyage, attended by no incidents worthy of mention. We had a few gales, but as a rule the weather was very pleasant. We got 2031 sealskins, of which 531 were taken in Russian waters. We spoke the Otto on August 24th with 1720 skins, the Sadie Turpel on August 19th with 1913, and the Mary Taylor on August 10th with 1006. Next to the Geneva, we did best around the Copper islands."

The Paint docked this morning at the C. P. N. wharf and discharged her skins. They came out in first-class condition.

The sealer Geneva, Captain O'Leary, high line schooner for the Russian coast, docked at the same wharf and will discharge her skins to-day. She left Copper islands on August 31st with a catch of 1630 skins, 558 of which were taken there and the rest in Japanese waters. She reports that on August 22nd Edgar Smiley, a hunter on the schooner Ocean Belle, died at sea. He was suffering from consumption when he shipped, as was his brother. When Hakodate was reached Captain O'Leary, of the Ocean Belle, landed the brother there. Edgar went on the northern cruise, keeping up with his work until he took very sick and died. With all the solemnity that a ship's crew gives to the burial of a deceased brother the remains were wrapped in canvas, shotted, and with prayers consigned to the deep. The young man's death cast a gloom over the entire fleet of schooners hunting there. He was 23 years of age and a native of Nova Scotia. The Geneva reports the Eppenger, of San Francisco, with 1200; Mattie T. Dyer, of San Francisco, with 1100, and the Louisa D., of San Francisco, with 1728.

The schooner Agnes Macdonald, Captain Cutler, was the third schooner to arrive in port this morning. She got 2180 skins, but had a hard season of it, losing three men off the Japanese coast on March 15th, and losing her bowsprit and carrying away the main boom on September 3rd in a gale met on the way home. The three men drowned were Charles Williams, hunter; Samuel Lewis and J. D. Grummett, boatmen. They left the schooner on a calm, clear day, and did not return that night. With darkness a gale came up and the search was fruitless. A few days later the schooner Louis Olsen found their boat floating in the open sea, and it is supposed that they were capsized during the day. Williams and Lewis were Victorians, aged 21 and 26 years respectively, and Grummett was a native of Toronto and aged 23. Lewis was the only one married. The Macdonald reports the Pathfinder with 1320 skins.

The schooner May Belle, Captain Shields, arrived here at two o'clock this afternoon, just 25 days from Copper islands. She has a total of 1154 skins, and had a terrible season of it. Off the Japan coast she lost three boats, in one of which was Captain Shields. They all made shore, but it was three months before Captain Shields could rejoin his schooner. Then off the Russian coast another boat was lost. The men were picked up by a Russian gunboat, placed on board a British warship, and will probably come home by way of Yokohama.

—The Northern Pacific liner Victoria will arrive here on Friday night or Saturday morning. She has a big cargo of freight and a number of passengers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OF COURSE YOU ARE GOING TO

TACOMA

...ON...

Saturday, Sept. 22nd,

...THAT IS...

BRITISH COLUMBIA DAY

...AT THE...

INTER-STATE : FAIR.

Special Excursion Boats Will Run.

EVERYBODY'S GOING!

THE.....
VICTORIA ICE CO.'S ...ICE...

Is manufactured by the VICTORIA-PHOENIX BREWING AND ICE COMPANY. Pure ice from distilled water. We make the best ice from Victoria water, the best lake water on the island when simply sand filtered. The public analyst states that "filtration and aeration" would make Victoria water safe for drinking and domestic use. Proof of the inferiority of Esquimalt water. Chemical analysis by H. Carmichael, the public analyst:—Esquimalt water from Thetis lake, free ammonia, 0.02132; albuminoid ammonia, 1.158. Chemical analysis by the McGill university, Montreal: Victoria water, from the dam, free ammonia, 0.178; albuminoid ammonia, 0.219. The above analysis shows that Esquimalt water contains five and a half times more deleterious matter (albuminoid ammonia) than Elk lake water. ....Telephone 106.

Priestley's Cravenettes

(In light and medium-weight goods)

Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:

Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED:—

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's. 4

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

THURSDAY, SEPT. 20th,

THE GREAT NATURAL MUSICAL CURIOSITY,

BLIND TOM, The Pianist.

Born in Georgia, blind from birth, and with his mind clouded from infancy. Blind Tom possesses musical ability such as has never been acquired by any individual but after years of laborious study.

Prices, $1.00, 75 cents and 50 cents.

Seats now on sale at Jamieson's s17-4t

JOHNSON-SMILEY

ENTERTAINMENTS!

At Victoria Theatre.

SEPTEMBER 28th & 29th

A Musical and Literary Entertainment by MISS JOHNSON, the only Indian Poetess in the World; assisted by MR. SMILEY, Ventriloquist and Entertainer.

ADMISSION ..... 50 Cents
RESERVED SEATS ..... 25 cents extra
sep12,14,19,22,24,25,26,27,28,29

See Our Windows For Bargains. Davidson Bros., The Largest And Cheapest Jewellers In The Province.

TENDERS WANTED.

Notice to Pipe-Layers, Etc.

Tenders are required for connecting certain premises situate at the corner of Cormorant and Store streets (the property of Arthur Porter, Esq.,) with the public sewer.

Plans and specifications can be seen at my office up till 12 o'clock noon on Thursday next, September 20th, 1894, when and where tenders will be received.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. GEILHARD TIARKS, Architect,
30 1-2 Government St. Sept. 17th, 1894.

GRAND

EXCURSION

Under the distinguished patronage of Lieut.-Gov. and Mrs. Dewdney, and under the auspices of the B.C. Board of Trade, His Worship the Mayor and Corporation, and the B.C. Agricultural Association to the

Inter-State Fair

...AT...

.·.TACOMA.·.

Per Str. Islander

Leaving C.P.N. Wharf at 7 a.m. on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 22

Returning from Tacoma at 1 p.m. the following day.

Fare for the Round Trip

...$2.00...

Including admission to Fair Grounds.

...CHILDREN HALF PRICE...

Tickets for sale at Hibben & Co.'s, Robert Jamieson's and Braund & Co's.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Numidian	Sep. 29
Allan Line, Parisian	Oct. 6
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Sep. 29
Dominion Line, Oregon	Oct. 6
Beaver Line, Nepigon	Oct. 3

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	Sep. 29
Cunard Line, Lucania	Oct. 6
White Star Line, Majestic	Oct. 3
White Star Line, Germanic	Oct. 10
American Line, Berlin	Oct. 3
American Line, New York	Oct. 10
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Saale	Sep. 29
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Spree	Oct. 2
Anchor Line, Anchoria	Sep. 29
Anchor Line, Circassia	Oct. 6
Allan State Line, California	Sep. 28
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Oct. 12

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $15 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

OSBORNE HOUSE,

Cor. of....
Pandora and Blanchard Sts.

Thirty-four nicely furnished sunny rooms with or without board. Please call, see our place and get our rates before going elsewhere.

W. ALLEN,
Prop.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.